

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS POPULATION DISTRIBUTION REPORT

TANZANIA ZANZIBAR



VOLUME 1C



The United Republic of Tanzania

Administrative Units Population Distribution Report

Ministry of Finance and Planning

National Bureau of Statistics

Tanzania

and

Presidents' Office - Finance and Planning
Office of the Chief Government Statistician
Zanzibar

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Note:

Maps and land area used in this publication are derived from the cartographic work; therefore, it is for statistical use only.

Foreword



The 2022 Population and Housing Census (PHC) for the United Republic of Tanzania had its reference as the midnight of 22nd/23rd August 2022. This was the Sixth and the first digital Census after the Union of Tanganyika and



Zanzibar in 1964. Other post union censuses were carried out in 1967, 1978, 1988, 2002 and 2012. The Sixth Phase Government of Tanzania under the leadership of Her Excellence Dr. Samia Suluhu Hassan, and the Eighth Phase Government of Zanzibar under the leadership of Dr. Hussein Ali Mwinyi like the previous phases, have fulfilled their obligation of conducting the 2022 PHC according to the United Nations Principles and Recommendation for the Population and Housing Census. We owe them much appreciation for their commitment and support during Census implementation.

The 2022 PHC was conducted in accordance with the Statistics Act Cap 351, which mandates the Government of the United Republic of Tanzania to conduct Population and Housing Census every ten years. It also followed the United Nations Principles and Recommendations for conducting the 2020 Round of Population and Housing Census, including adoption of advanced Information and Communication technology (ICT) at all stages of Census implementation. Indeed, the country's decision to use more advanced technology to capture data during cartographic mapping; enumeration and data transmission; and processing made the 2022 PHC the first ever digital census to be conducted in Tanzania.

The 2022 PHC results are for integrated plans and sustainable development of the country and will increase awareness and transparency in allocation of resources at all levels of administration based on the actual population. The results will be used by the Government and stakeholders in monitoring and evaluating various national, regional and international development frameworks including the Tanzania Development Vision 2025 and Zanzibar Development Vision 2050; the Third National Five-Year Development Plan 2021/22 - 2025/26 and Zanzibar Development Plan 2021/22 - 2025/26; the East African Community

Vision 2050; Southern African Development Community Vision 2050 and the African Development Agenda 2063.

Furthermore, results will enable the country to evaluate the progress of implementation of Sustainable Development Goals (United Nation Agenda 2030); goals that aim at achieving equality and eradicating poverty of all kinds including extreme poverty by 2030 by ensuring no one is left behind. The census data will also provide a basis for the computation of several indicators such as enrolment and literacy rates, infant and maternal mortality rates, unemployment rate and others.

Administrative Units Population Distribution Report is the first in a series of planned publications for the 2022 PHC. The report has three volumes; The United Republic of Tanzania (Volume 1A), Tanzania Mainland (Volume 1B) and Tanzania Zanzibar (Volume 1C). The main purpose of the report is to give aggregated total of population by sex at regional, council and Shehia levels for informed decision making. The report also provides number of households, average household size, average annual intercensal population growth rates, population density, as well as sex ratios. Other reports in the series of planned Census publications will present among others Age and Sex Population Distribution, and Basic Demographic and Socio-Economic Characteristics of the population at National, Regional and Council levels.

The success of 2022 PHC depended on the cooperation and contributions from the Government, specifically Census Committees from national to the lowest administrative level. These includes the National Central Census Committee comprising of Ministers; National Census Advisory Committee comprising of Permanent/Principal Secretaries; National Census Technical Committee; Census Committees at regional, district and shehia.. Forums from Non-States Actors including Collaborators Forum, Private Sector, various institutions and the public at large.

A word of thanks goes to Government leaders at all levels, particularly, Prime Minister's Office - Policy, Parliamentary Affairs and Coordination; Office of Second Vice President of Zanzibar; Minister for Finance and Planning; Minister of State - President's Office, Finance and Planning, Zanzibar; Members of Parliament; Members of the House of Representatives; Councillors/Shehas; Regional and District Census Committees chaired by Regional and District Commissioners of respective areas; Census Coordinators (National and Zanzibar); Regional and District Census Coordinators; Supervisors;

Enumerators; Local leaders and all respondents (head of households, members of households and other individuals).

Special gratitudes are extended to the following Development Partners:- United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA); World Bank (WB); United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF); UN-Women; International Organization for Migration (IOM); United States Agency for International Development (USAID); Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO); United States Census Bureau (USCB), The Republic of South Korea, The People's Repulic of China and other Development Partners for providing equipment, expertise, training and financial support in making the 2022 Population and Housing Census a success. We also thank religious, traditional and political leaders, non-governmental organization leaders, the media and all citizens and non-citizens in general for their participation and contributions in the successful implementation of the Census.

Special thanks also go to Honourable Anne Semamba Makinda - Census Commissar for Tanzania Mainland and Former Speaker of the National Assembly; and Honourable Ambassador Mohamed Haji Hamza - Census Commissar for Tanzania Zanzibar, for their effective leadership and management in educating and sensitizing all citizens and non-citizens to participate in the 2022 Population and Housing Census thus, resulting in enhanced quality, smoothness and timely execution of the Census exercise. We also thank the Chairperson of the Governing Board of the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Dr. Amina Msengwa and the Chairperson of the Statistics Board of Zanzibar, Ambassador Amina Salum Ali, for their guidance throughout the implementation of the Census exercise.

Last but not least, we acknowledge the unprecedented efforts and commitment of the management and staff of the National Bureau of Statistics under the leadership of Dr. Albina Chuwa, the Statistician General; and staff of the Office of the Chief Government Statistician, Zanzibar under the leadership of Mr. Salum Kassim Ali; Chief Government Statistician; staff from the Ministry of Lands, Housing and Human Settlements Development; Ministry of Information, Communications and Information Technology; as well as other Government officials who worked tirelessly in ensuring that the 2022 Population and Housing Census was implemented successfully.

Kassim Majaliwa Majaliwa (MP)
Prime Minister of
The United Republic of Tanzania

Hemed Suleiman Abdulla (MHR)
Second Vice President of Zanzibar

Acknowledgement

The National Bureau of Statistics and Office of the Chief Government Statistician, Zanzibar conducted the 2022 PHC to provide necessary information for policy implication, planning, monitoring and evaluation of development processes. The census collected detailed information on demographics, disabilities, migration, possession of national documents and orphanhood, education, economic activities, land ownership and information related to ICT ownership and use, fertility, mortality, housing ownership and assets, agriculture, community facilities and buildings. Some information on physical addresses was also collected.

This report presents population distribution disaggregated by administrative areas from regional level to shehia. It provides detailed statistics of different indicators that facilitate making evidence-based decisions relevant to the population at their localities. We therefore express our sincere appreciation to all experts who have put their time and efforts to produce this report. In particular we would like to thank Ruth Davison Minja, the Acting Director of Population Census and Social Statistics, NBS; Fahima Mohamed Issa, Director of Social Statistics, Census and Survey(OCGS); Seif Ahmad Kuchengo, the National Census Coordinator; Abdul-majid Jecha Ramadhan, the Tanzania Zanzibar Census Coordinator and the National Census Technical Team, Statisticians, Demographers, Information Technology and Geographic Information System officers for their commitment which led to successful completion of this report.

Our appreciation is as well extended to all professionals, Regional and District supervisors, enumerators and field supervisors as well as the media for their dedicated work. Certainly, without their commitment and dedication, the census would not have been successful. We would also like to thank the public for their cooperation during the entire period of the Census.

Dr. Albina Chuwa
Statistician General
National Bureau of Statistics

Salum Kassim Ali
Chief Government Statistician
Office of the Chief Government
Statistician, Zanzibar

Tanzania Zanzibar Census Results in Brief

Indicators	2012 ¹	2022				
Indicators	Total	Total	Rural	Urban		
Total Population	1,303,569	1,889,773	963,498	926,275		
Male Population	630,677	915,492	472,031	443,461		
Female Population	672,892	974,281	491,467	482,814		
Average Annual Intercensal Growth Rate, 2012 – 2022 ²	2.8	3.7	3.2	4.3		
Number of Households	253,608	380,260	193,633	186,627		
Average Household Size	5.1	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Sex Ratio	94	94	96	92		
Population Density	530	768		-		

¹ The rural and urban data for 2012 are available at www.nbs.go.tz/www.ocgs.go.tz

² Growth Rate is expressed as an exponential rate of growth of population from year 2012 to 2022

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List of Abbreviations

GIS - Geographical Information System

ICT - Information and Communication Technology

IOM - International Organization for Migration

IT - Information Technology

NAPA - National Physical Addressing

NBS - National Bureau of Statistics

OCGS - Office of the Chief Government Statistician

PHC - Population and Housing Census

RISDP - Regional Indicative Strategic Development Plan

SADC - Southern African Development Community

SDGs - Sustainable Development Goals

UN United Nations

UNFPA - United Nations Population Fund

UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund

URT - United Republic of Tanzania -

Basic Concepts and Definitions

Household refers to a person or group of persons who reside in the same homestead/compound but not necessarily in the same dwelling unit, have the same cooking arrangements, and are answerable to the same household head.

Average household size is calculated by dividing the total number of persons by the total number of households (Collective and Private) in a given population.

Sex ratio is the ratio of males to females in a given population usually expressed as the number of males for every 100 females. For example, sex ratio of 96 Kaskazini Unguja Region means, for every 100 females, there are 96 males.

Population density refers to the number of people living in a given area per square kilometer of land.

Population growth refers to the change in population over time, and can be quantified as the change in the number of individuals in a population using "per unit time" for measurement.

Population Growth Rate refers to the change in population over a unit time period, often expressed as a percentage of the number of individuals in the population at the beginning of that period. Growth rate in this book is expressed as an exponential rate of growth of population from year 2012 to 2022 and is termed as average annual intercensal population growth rates.

Population Share refers to the percentage of population of a certain area for example region and district to that of total population of country and region respectively.

Section A: Summary of Findings - Population

1.0 Introduction

This section presents summary of findings of the 2022 PHC. These include number of persons by region, average annual intercensal population growth rate, average household size, population density and sex ratio.

1.1 Number of Persons

The 2022 PHC revealed that the population of Tanzania Zanzibar has increased five times from 354,815 persons in the 1967 Census to 1,889,773 persons in the 2022 Census (Figure 1).

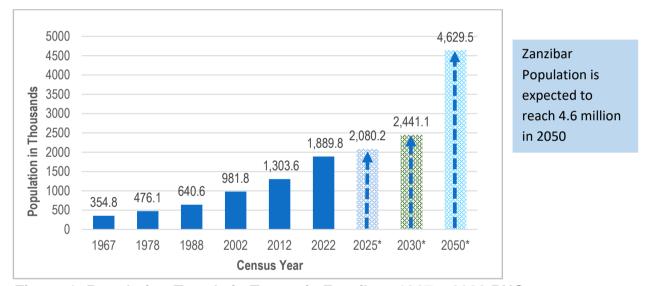


Figure 1: Population Trends in Tanzania Zanzibar, 1967 – 2022 PHCs

- 2025* 2.1 million Zanzibar Development Plan 2021/22-2025/26
- 2030*- 2.4 million Sustainable Development Goals 2030,
- 2050* 4.6 million Zanzibar Development Vision (2050) and East African Community Vision 2050 and Southern African Development Community Vision, 2050

^{*} Indicates exponentially projected population by the end of implementation of the following development frameworks

1.2 Population by Region

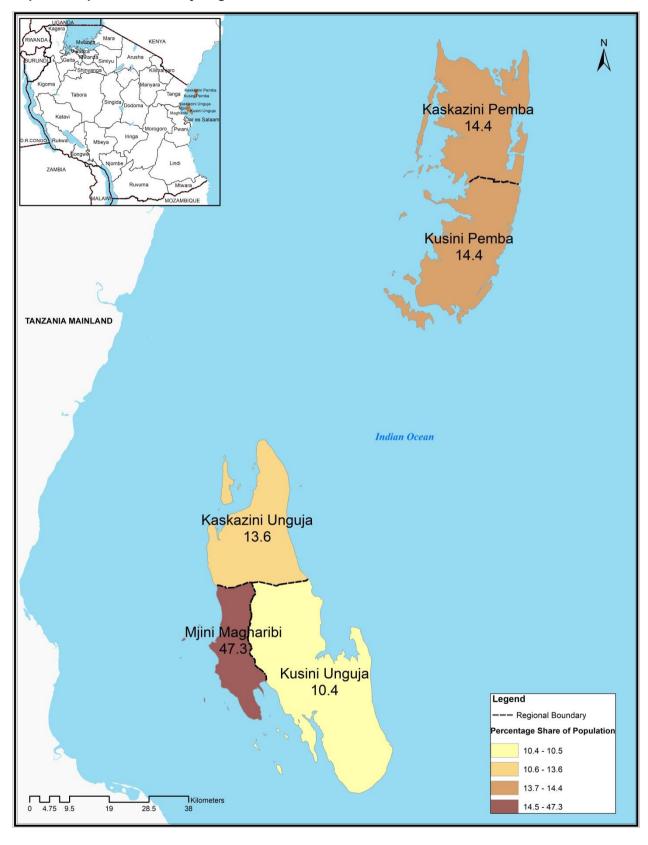
Tanzania Zanzibar has five (5) regions. Table 1 presents regional populations during the 2012 and 2022 Population and Housing Censuses and their annual average intercensal population growth rates.

In the 2022 Census, Mjini Magharibi Region was found to have the largest population of 893,169 accounting to 47.3 percent of the total population in Zanzibar. The region with the smallest population is Kusini Unguja with a population of 195,873 that is equivalent to 10.4 percent of the total population in Zanzibar. (Map A1).

Table 1: Population, Population Increase and Average Annual Intercensal Population Growth Rate by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar; 2012 and 2022 PHCs

Region		Population		Population Increase (Number)	Average Annu Population ((Perc	Growth Rate
1.09.011	2012 Census	2022 Projections	2022 Census	2012 - 2022	2002-2012	2012-2022
Tanzania Zanzibar	1,303,569	1,762,989 1,889,773		586,204	2.8	3.7
Kaskazini Unguja	187,455	242,314	257,290	69,835	3.2	3.2
Kusini Unguja	115,588	142,935	195,873	80,285	2.0	5.3
Mjini Magharibi	593,678	765,686	893,169	299,491	4.2	4.1
Kaskazini Pemba	211,732	318,214	272,091	60,359	1.3	2.5
Kusini Pemba	195,116	293,840	271,350	76,234	1.1	3.3

Map 0 1 :Population Share by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar; 2022 PHC



1.3 Average Annual Intercensal Population Growth Rate

The average annual intercensal population growth rate for Tanzania Zanzibar increased from 2.7 percent in 1978 to 3.1 percent in 2002 before declining to 2.8 percent in 2012. In 2022, Tanzania Zanzibar recorded an average annual intercensal population growth rate of 3.7 percent as seen in Figure 2.

With the current average annual intercensal population growth rate of 3.7 percent, the population of Tanzania Zanzibar is expected to double in the next 22 years

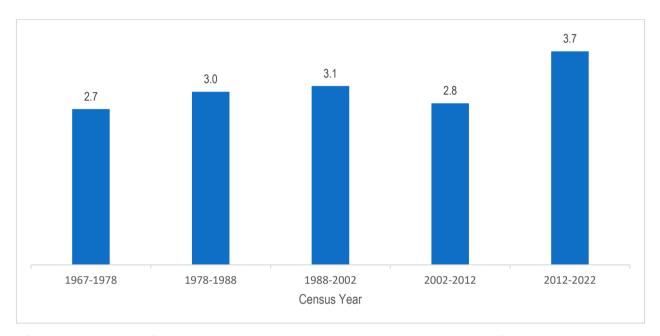


Figure 2: Trends in the Average Annual Intercensal Population Growth Rates, Tanzania Zanzibar; 1978 – 2022 PHCs

Average annual Intercensal population growth rates vary across regions. The average annual intercensal population growth rates for the period of 2012 to 2022 range from 2.5 percent in Kaskazini Pemba Region to 5.3 percent in Kusini Unguja Region. The Regions that recorded relatively large increases in the average annual intercensal population growth rates for the 2012 - 2022 periods are Kusini Unguja (from 2.0 percent in 2012 to 5.3 percent in 2022), Kusini Pemba (from 1.1 percent in 2012 to 3.3 percent in 2022) and Kaskazini Pemba (from 1.3 percent in 2012 to 2.5 percent in 2022).

Mjini Magharibi Region recorded a slightly decrease in the average annual intercensal population growth rate (from 4.2 percent in 2012 to 4.1 percent in 2022) while Kaskazini

Key Message Box 1:

Fertility, Mortality and Migration are the factors for population change. An increase or decrease of average annual intercensal population growth rates depend on those factors.

Unguja Region the average annual intercensal population growth rate for the 2012 and 2022 censuses have remained the same (3.2 percent) (Figure 3).

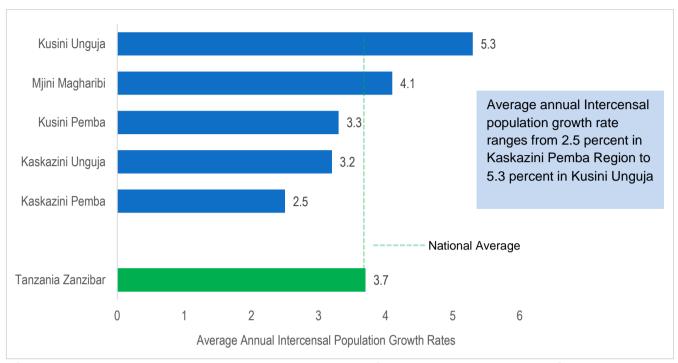


Figure 3: Average Annual Intercensal Population Growth Rate by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar; 2012 – 2022 PHCs

1.4 Population Density

Tanzania Zanzibar is sparsely populated with population density of 768 persons per square kilometre with variation across regions (Figure 4 and Map 2). Persons are concentrated in Mjini Magharibi region with population densities of 3,883 persons per square kilometre. Regions with lowest population densities are Kusini Unguja (229 persons per square kilometre) and Kaskazini Pemba (474 persons per square kilometre).

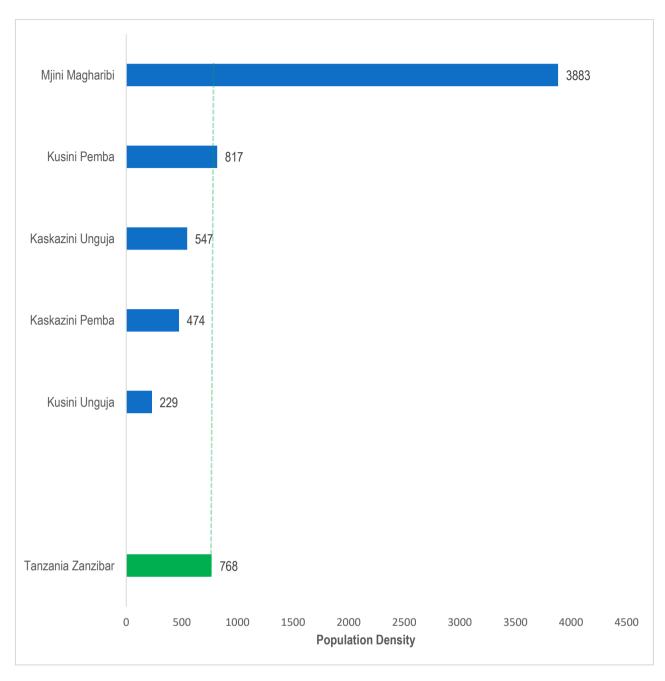
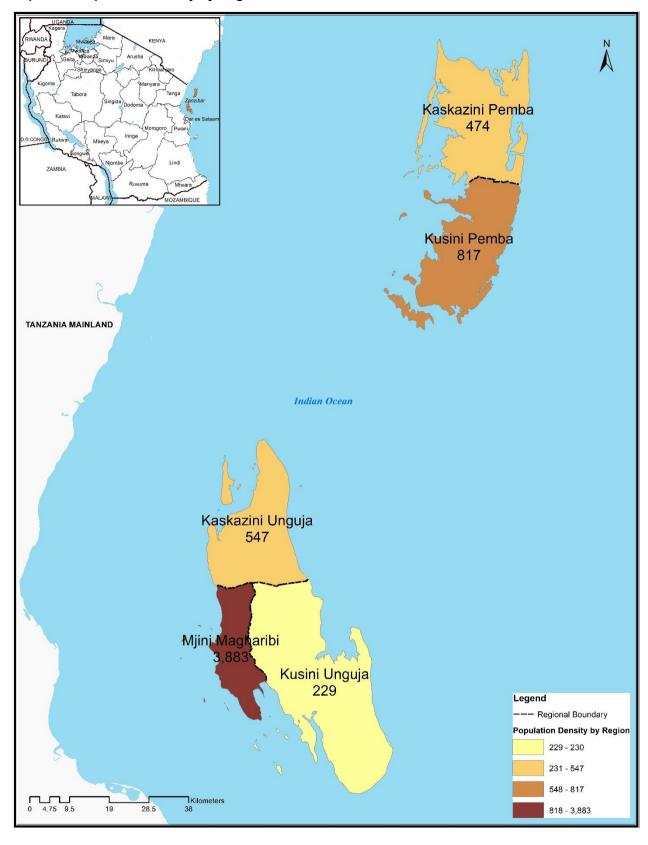


Figure 4: Population Density by Region, Tanzania 2022 PHCs

Map 0 2 : Population Density by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar; 2022 PHC



1.5 Household Size

The average household size in Tanzania Zanzibar for the 2022 Population and Housing Census was 5.0 persons indicating a slightly decrease from an average of 5.1 persons recorded in 2012. The average household size varies across regions ranging from 4.2 persons in Kusini Unguja Region to 5.7 persons in Kusini Pemba Region. Two regions recorded an average household size above the Tanzania Zanzibar average. Thus, the households have been increasing faster than population as seen in **Figure 5 and Table 2.**

Key Message Box 2:

A decrease of average household size might be a result of reduced fertility rate and increase of single person households which are contributed by various social economic factors. This can be used as a proxy indicator for individual wellness

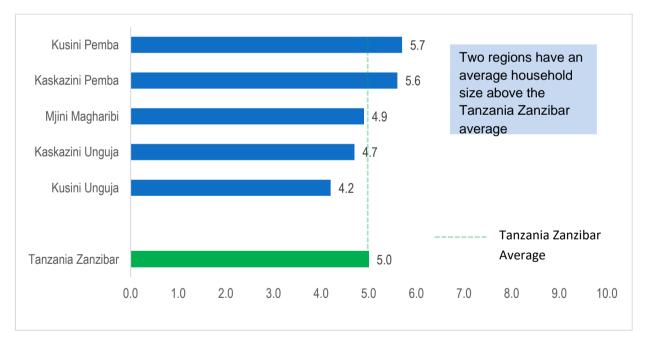


Figure 5: Average Household Size by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar, 2022 PHC

Table 2: Population Distribution by Average Household Size by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar; 2012 and 2022 PHCs

Region		2012 Censu	s	2022 Census				
	Population	Households	Average Household Size	Population	Households	Average Household Size		
Tanzania Zanzibar	nzania Zanzibar 1,303,569 253,608 5.1		1,889,773	380,260	5.0			
Kaskazini Unguja	187,455	38,651	4.8	257,290	54,810	4.7		
Kusini Unguja	115,588	25,947	4.5	195,873	47,010	4.2		
Mjini Magharibi	593,678	113,420	5.2	893,169	182,079	4.9		
Kaskazini Pemba	211,732	39,706	5.3	272,091	48,575	5.6		
Kusini Pemba	195,116	35,884	5.4	271,350	47,786	5.7		

1.6 Sex Ratio

The sex ratio of Tanzania Zanzibar is 94 males per 100 females. Sex ratio varies across regions from 92 males per 100 females in Mjini Magharibi Region to 101 males per 100 females in Kusini Unguja. A region with a sex ratio of more than 100 indicates that there are more males than females in that region (Figure 6).

Key Message Box 3:

More male than female in Manyara and Kusini Unguja Region might be caused by disproportionate in and out migration among males and females.

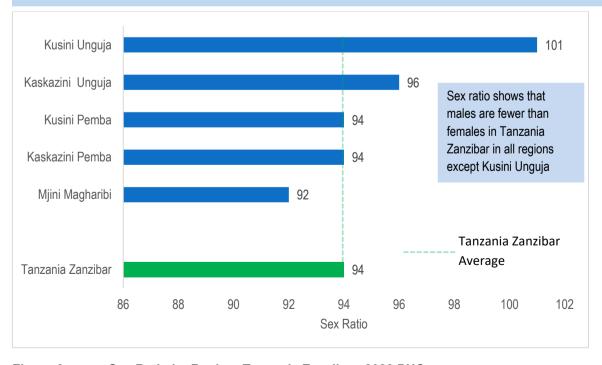


Figure 6: Sex Ratio by Region, Tanzania Zanzibar; 2022 PHC

Trends in sex ratio in the 1988, 2002, 2012 and 2022 Censuses show that there were more females than males in the population of Tanzania Zanzibar as seen in **Figure 7.**

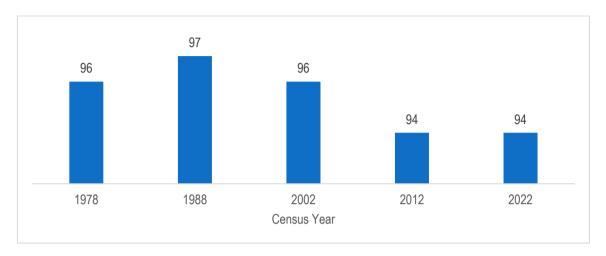


Figure 7: Trends in Sex Ratio, Tanzania Zanzibar; 1978 – 2022 PHCs

1.7 Population Size in Regions

In Tanzania Zanzibar, the region with the largest population is Mjini Magharibi (893,169 persons) while the region with the smallest population is Kusini Unguja (195,873 persons) as seen in **Table 3**.

Table 3: Population by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Region -Tanzania Zanzibar; 2022 PHC

Region		Population		Sex	Number of Households	Average Household
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Ratio		Size
Tanzania Zanzibar	1,889,773	915,492	974,281	94	380,260	5.0
Kaskazini Unguja	257,290	126,341	130,949	97	54,810	4.7
Kusini Unguja	195,873	98,367	97,506	101	47,010	4.2
Mjini Magharibi	893,169	427,927	465,242	92	182,079	4.9
Kaskazini Pemba	272,091	131,484	140,607	94	48,575	5.6
Kusini Pemba	271,350	131,373	139,977	94	47,786	5.7

Section B: Key Findings, Policy Implications and Recommendations



2.0 Introduction

This section highlights Key findings of the 2022 PHC and their policy implication and Recommendation

The Population and Housing Census is the only trusted and reliable source of demographic and housing statistics. The 2022 PHC provides baseline population and housing data which are crucial on policy formulation and updating, monitoring and evaluation of development frameworks at national, regional and international levels. It is rational to explicitly indicate key findings and their policy implications, provide policy recommendations for planners, business community, researchers and the public to ensure that the 2022 PHC results are used in making evidence-based decisions in development processes.

2.1 Key Findings and Policy Implications

a) The population of Tanzania Zanzibar has increased for about five times from 354,815 in 1967 to 1,889,773 in 2022.

Policy implication: Increase in population result into increased demand for social services such as education, health, infrastructure as well as restructuring of administrative areas, urbanization and land ownership.

- b) With the current average annual intercensal population growth rate of 3.7 percent, the population of Tanzania Zanzibar is expected to double in the next 22 years.
- c) Average annual Intercensal population growth rates range from 2.5 percent in Kaskazini Pemba Region to 5.3 percent in Kusini Unguja Region.

Policy implication: Increase in population growth rate if well managed implies increase of the labour force and participation rates in production of goods and services which could leads to competitive businesses, increased individual's per capita income and market shares of commodities which have direct impact on poverty reduction and economic growth. On the other hand, it may results into high unemployment rate, limited resources to meet the basic socio-economic services of the population, environmental pollution particularly, greenhouse gas emissions, land degradation and disruption of water sources caused by human activities.

Furthermore, high population growth rates imply either high fertility rate, reduced mortality or high net migration. At individuals and families, high rates of population growth can be associated with high dependency ratios and low investment in the human capital of children and young adults.

d) Average household sizes in two (2) regions are above that of Tanzania Zanzibar average (5.0). Kusini Pemba Region has recorded the highest household size of 5.7 among the regions of Tanzania Zanzibar and Kaskazini Pemba recorded an average household size of 5.6.

Policy implication: Large household size is very likely to be constrained by poor access to adequate, food, water, sanitation, transportation, energy, education and health services which may lead to poverty. Thus, there is need for improved and inclusive social protection policies to address needs for different population groups.

e) The sex ratio of Tanzania Zanzibar is 94 males per 100 females. Sex ratio varies across regions ranging from 92 males per 100 females in Mjini Magharibi Region to 101 males per 100 females in Kusini Unguja.

Policy implication: More females than males imply that females constitute a large population share in the country. Nonetheless, women are marginalized in terms of education and economic opportunities compared to men; thus, empowering them with equal opportunities will uplift a significant proportion of population from poverty to improved social and economic welfare.

2.2 Policy Recommendations

The best way to manage population growth depends on a combination of political will and effective socio-economic measures In order to attain a sustainable economic development, poverty reduction, conserved environment, combat climate change and ensure an educated society as stipulated in the National Population Policy of 1992 and reviewed in 2006 and Zanzibar Population Policy of 2008, the following should be considered in short, medium and long-term development plans: -

- a) Population growth should be managed through a set of variables, including reproductive health, education, employment, rural/urban migration, women empowerment and environmental management leading to the development of human resources and skills development. A direct consequence is better economic opportunities, improved household savings to stimulate investments and subsequent poverty reduction. More importantly, improvement of the standards of living and aspiration to better quality of life is expected to enhance the desire for small family sizes;
- Strengthen the Implementation of Zanzibar Environmental Policies in addressing effects on land use and marine activities for sustainable development of Zanzibar (Blue Economy)
- c) Enhance family planning education programmes and incorporate population growth and family planning into school curriculum;
- d) Integrate population management issues into National Development Plans;
- e) Establish a permanent population committee to plan, develop, and implement population policies and related research.
- f) Expand and enhance access to health and education facilities and services to enable the population effectively participate in the country's social economic development activities;
- g) Enhance production of food and cash crops, livestock as well as fishing industries.
- h) Enhance the implementation of Zanzibar Development Vision (ZDV 2050) and Zanzibar Development Plan (ZADEP) 2021 - 2026 which have a theme of realising competitiveness and industrialization for human development that aims to increase efficiency and productivity in manufacturing using the resources available in abundance within the country; It is important to ensure that economy has to grow three times as much as the population growth rate.
- i) Enforce fertility regulation and reducing mortality rates through better health, education and employment opportunities will stimulate household saving and investment.
- j) Revise the Zanzibar Environmental Management Act No.3 of 2015 to accommodate emerging issues resulting from increased population including high level of technology and the climate change.

Section C: Population Distribution in Regions



Region 1: Kaskazini Unguja

Map 1: Population Distribution by Council, Kaskazini Unguja Region; 2022 PHC

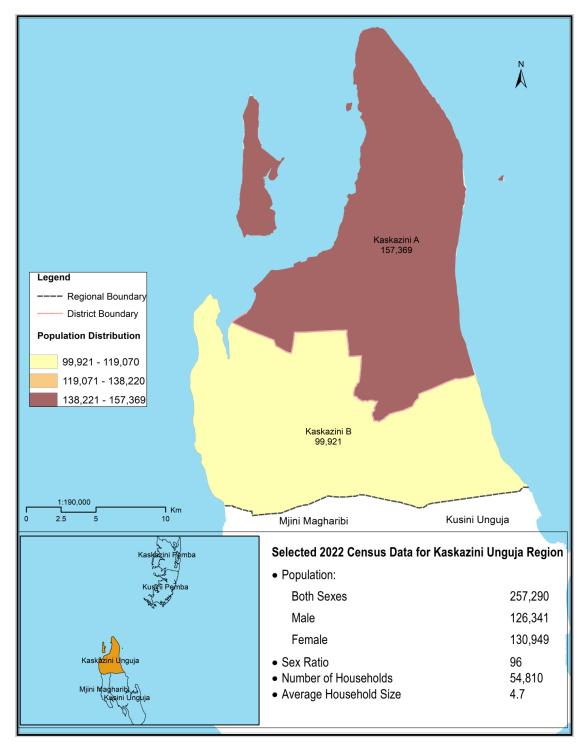


Table 1.0: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Council, Kaskazini Unguja Region; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of	Average
Region/Council		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Kaskazini Unguja Region		257,290	126,341	130,949	96	54,810	4.7
1.	Kaskazini A Town	157,369	77,164	80,205	96	33,257	4.7
2.	Kaskazini B Town	99,921	49,177	50,744	97	21,553	4.6

1.1 KASKAZINI A DISTRICT COUNCIL

Table 1. 1: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Kaskazini A District Council; 2022 PHC

	Council/Shehia		Population		Sex	Number of	Average
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Ratio	Households	Household Size
Kas	kazini A Town Council	157,369	77,164	80,205	96	33,257	4.7
1.	Kigunda	2,509	1,196	1,313	91	577	4.3
2.	Kilindi	5,790	2,819	2,971	95	1,062	5.5
3.	Banda Kuu	7,307	3,614	3,693	98	1,611	4.5
					92	2,657	3.9
4.	Kiungani	10,302	4,923	5,379		,	
5.	Fukuchani	2,360	1,169	1,191	98	515	4.6
6.	Kidoti	3,713	1,819	1,894	96	792	4.7
7.	Tazari	4,066	1,956	2,110	93	849	4.8
8.	Kilimani Tazari	2,839	1,381	1,458	95	584	4.9
9.	Bwereu	2,135	1,060	1,075	99	433	4.9
10.	Kivunge	4,806	2,326	2,480	94	958	5.0
11.	Muwange	4,061	1,990	2,071	96	819	5.0
12.	Pitanazako	4,911	2,405	2,506	96	985	5.0
13.	Potoa	2,855	1,323	1,532	86	610	4.7
14.	Kijini Matemwe	2,833	1,344	1,489	90	574	4.9
15.	Kigomani	3,749	1,883	1,866	101	757	5.0
16.	Kigongoni	1,634	842 988	792	106 95	326	5.0
17. 18.	Juga Kuu Mhuuutanda	2,031 2,793	1,390	1,043 1,403	99	435 540	4.7 5.2
19.	Mbuyutende Mkwajuni	6,135	3,071	3,064	100	1,249	4.9
20. 21.	Kibeni Moga	3,743 1,971	1,825 913	1,918 1,058	95 86	792 409	4.7
	-			·			
22. 23.	Chutama Kidombo	2,124 4,836	1,044 2,439	1,080 2,397	97 102	458 973	<u>4.6</u> 5.0
24.	Matemwe Kaskazini		902	926	97	359	5.1
		1,828					
25.	Gamba	3,346	1,582	1,764	90	718	4.7
26.	Matemwe Kusini	6,152	3,021	3,131	96	1,233	5.0
27. 28.	Pwani Mchangani Kikobweni	5,448 3,121	2,750 1,543	2,698 1,578	102 98	1,122 647	4.9
29.	Bandamaji	1,682	853	829	103	332	5.1
30.	Kinyasini	6,390	3,073	3,317	93	1,326	4.8
31.	Kandwi	3,104	1,546	1,558	99	607	5.1
32.	Chaani Masingini	5,143	2,499	2,644	95	1,068	4.8
33.	Mchenza Shauri	1,025	506	519	97	205	5.0
34.	Chaani Kubwa	4,145	2,096	2,049	102	794	5.2
35.	Mkokotoni	5,999	3,005	2,994	100	1,204	5.0
36.	Mto wa Pwani	3,503	2,041	1,462	140	764	4.6
37.	Pale	1,411	703	708	99	299	4.7
38.	Mchangani	1,475	743	732	102	297	5.0
39.	Kipange	1,155	562	593	95	243	4.8
40.	Muwanda	984	517	467	111	214	4.6
41.	Gomani	1,114	490	624	79	353	3.2
42.	Uvivini	4,279	1,955	2,324	84	1,031	4.2
43.	Mtakuja	2,741	1,245	1,496	83	634	4.3
44.	Jongowe	3,821	1,812	2,009	90	842	4.5

1.2 KASKAZINI B TOWN COUNCIL

Table 1. 2: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Kaskazini B Town Council; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Kask	azini B Town Council	99,921	49,177	50,744	97	21,553	4.6
1.	Mnyimbi	2,020	1,000	1,020	98	453	4.5
2.	Donge Mbiji	1,899	937	962	97	433	4.5
3.	Donge Pwani	1,907	960	947	101	395	4.8
3. 4.	Mkataleni	6,026	2,990	3,036	98	1,274	4.0
5.	Donge Mtambile	2,579	1,219	1,360	90	525	4.7
	<u> </u>		754	725	104		
6.	Donge Karange	1,479				312	4.7
7.	Donge Vijibweni	956	450	506	89	183	5.2
8.	Njia ya Mtoni	1,339	684	655	104	251	5.3
9.	Majenzi	968	511	457	112	197	4.9
10.	Kitope	3,931	1,949	1,982	98	857	4.6
11.	Kilombero	2,199	1,110	1,089	102	487	4.5
12.	Mbaleni	2,442	1,222	1,220	100	537	4.5
13.	Kwagube	4,836	2,327	2,509	93	1,048	4.6
14.	Mahonda	5,533	2,629	2,904	91	1,234	4.5
15.	Kinduni	3,653	1,730	1,923	90	769	4.8
16.	Matetema	4,368	2,081	2,287	91	973	4.5
17.	Upenja	3,026	1,633	1,393	117	601	5.0
18.	Kiwengwa	5,533	2,784	2,749	101	1,314	4.2
19.	Pangeni	1,492	786	706	111	344	4.3
20.	Mgambo	2,982	1,456	1,526	95	632	4.7
21.	Kisongoni	1,795	914	881	104	375	4.8
22.	Misufini	7,988	3,952	4,036	98	1,658	4.8
23.	Makoba	4,141	1,995	2,146	93	894	4.6
24.	Kiongwe Kidogo	1,288	675	613	110	262	4.9
25.	Kidanzini	3,468	1,727	1,741	99	731	4.7
26.	Mafufuni	5,534	2,755	2,779	99	1,200	4.6
27.	Mangapwani	3,537	1,733	1,804	96	873	4.1
28.	Fujoni	3,463	1,644	1,819	90	732	4.7
29.	Kiombamvua	3,843	1,822	2,021	90	834	4.6
30.	Mkadini	4,862	2,310	2,552	91	998	4.9
31.	Zingwezingwe	834	438	396	111	193	4.3

Region 2: Kusini Unguja

Map 2: Population Distribution by Council, Kusini Unguja Region; 2022 PHC

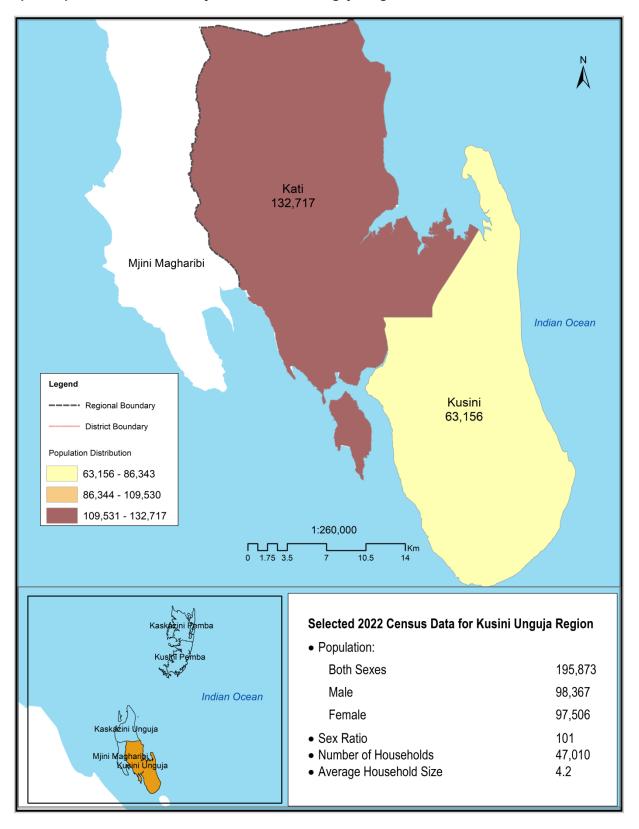


Table 2.0: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Council, Kusini Unguja Region; 2022 PHC

Region/Council		Population		0 - D.C.	Number of	Average	
	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size	
Kusini Unguja Region		195,873	98,367	97,506	101	47,010	4.2
1.	Kati Town	132,717	66,569	66,148	101	30,570	4.3
2.	Kusini District	63,156	31,798	31,358	101	16,440	3.8

2.1 KATI TOWN COUNCIL

Table 2. 1: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Kati Town Council; 2022 PHC

		Р	opulation				Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Number of Households	Household Size
Kati	Town Council	132,717	66,569	66,148	101	30,570	4.3
1.	Kiboje Mwembeshauri	1,830	941	889	106	436	4.2
2.	Kiboje Mkwajuni	1,994	1,019	975	105	486	4.1
3.	Ghana	2,816	1,438	1,378	104	685	4.1
4.	Mgeni Haji	1,409	718	691	104	334	4.2
5.	Uzini	1,088	535	553	97	262	4.2
6.	Mitakawani	1,177	597	580	103	265	4.4
7.	Tunduni	1,441	766	675	113	339	4.3
8.	Charawe	1,571	795	776	102	366	4.3
9.	Bambi	3,991	2,138	1,853	115	840	4.8
10.	Pagali	1,515	836	679	123	346	4.4
11.	Umbuji	2,258	1,188	1,070	111	561	4.0
12.	Mchangani Shamba	2,397	1,200	1,197	100	544	4.4
13.	Мрара	1,973	915	1,058	86	440	4.5
14.	Kijibwemtu	381	201	180	112	87	4.4
15.	Kidimni	7,327	3,514	3,813	92	1,690	4.3
16.	Machui	1,677	850	827	103	395	4.2
17.	Miwani	2,903	1,422	1,481	96	676	4.3
18.	Koani	6,353	3,079	3,274	94	1,392	4.6
19.	Jendele	3020	1523	1497	102	712	4.2
20.	Chwaka	5,701	2,864	2,837	101	1,308	4.4
21.	Marumbi	2,152	1,068	1,084	99	481	4.5
22.	Uroa	3,768	1,884	1,884	100	867	4.3
23.	Pongwe	1,325	715	610	117	255	5.2
24.	Ndijani Mseweni	4,290	2,157	2,133	101	1,008	4.3
25.	Cheju	2,510	1,271	1,239	103	588	4.3
26.	Ukongoroni	1,156	642	514	125	292	4.0
27.	Pete	2,108	1,047	1,061	99	520	4.1
28.	Ndijani Mwembepunda	1,691	858	833	103	363	4.7
29.	Zawiyani	994	521	473	110	236	4.2
30.	Dunga Bweni	5,808	3,004	2,804	107	1,284	4.5
31.	Ubago	7,406	3,723	3,683	101	1,516	4.9
32.	Dunga Kiembeni	3,700	1,981	1,719	115	917	4.0
33.	Jumbi	14,457	6,921	7,536	92	3,405	4.2
34.	Tunguu	8,879	4,320	4,559	95	2,074	4.3
35.	Binguni	3,097	1,621	1,476	110	748	4.1
36.	Bungi	4,446	2,173	2,273	96	1,068	4.2
37.	Unguja Ukuu Kaepwani	2,330	1,178	1,152	102	520	4.5
38.	Kikungwi	1,768	884	884	100	384	4.6
39.	Uzi	3,075	1,565	1,510	104	718	4.3
40.	Ng'ambwa	1,158	587	571	103	279	4.2
41.	Unguja Ukuu Kaebona	1,788	879	909	97	411	4.4
42.	Tindini	1,989	1,031	958	108	472	4.2

2.2 KUSINI DISTRICT COUNCIL

Table 2. 2: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size Shehia, Kusini District Council; 2022 PHC

Council/Shehia		Population				Number of	Average
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Kusini District Council		63,156	31,798	31,358	101	16,440	3.8
4	Michanovi	2.465	1 000	1 600	116	766	4.5
1.	Michamvi	3,465	1,863	1,602	-		4.5
2.	Paje	8,023	4,256	3,767	113	2,117	3.8
3.	Bwejuu	4,115	2,090	2,025	103	1,108	3.7
4.	Dongwe	5,007	2,599	2,408	108	1,359	3.7
5.	Jambiani Kikadini	4,344	2,143	2,201	97	1,185	3.7
6.	Jambiani Kibigija	5,830	2,887	2,943	98	1,446	4.0
7.	Kitogani	2,081	1,033	1,048	99	513	4.1
8.	Muungoni	2,281	1,172	1,109	106	557	4.1
9.	Nganani	2,647	1,293	1,354	95	708	3.7
10.	Mzuri	2,330	1,133	1,197	95	644	3.6
11.	Kajengwa	3,251	1,628	1,623	100	778	4.2
12.	Kijini	3,112	1,492	1,620	92	824	3.8
13.	Kiongoni	1,618	734	884	83	472	3.4
14.	Tasani	1,973	966	1,007	96	524	3.8
15.	Mtende	1,743	840	903	93	526	3.3
16.	Kibuteni	701	367	334	110	184	3.8
17.	Kizimkazi Dimbani	2,726	1,312	1,414	93	687	4.0
18.	Kizimkazi Mkunguni	4,138	2,004	2,134	94	1,076	3.8
19.	Muyuni A	1,425	769	656	117	365	3.9
20.	Muyuni B	1,259	654	605	108	337	3.7
21.	Muyuni C	1,087	563	524	107	264	4.1

Region 3: Mjini Magharibi

Map 3: Population Distribution by Council, Mjini Magharibi Region; 2022 PHC

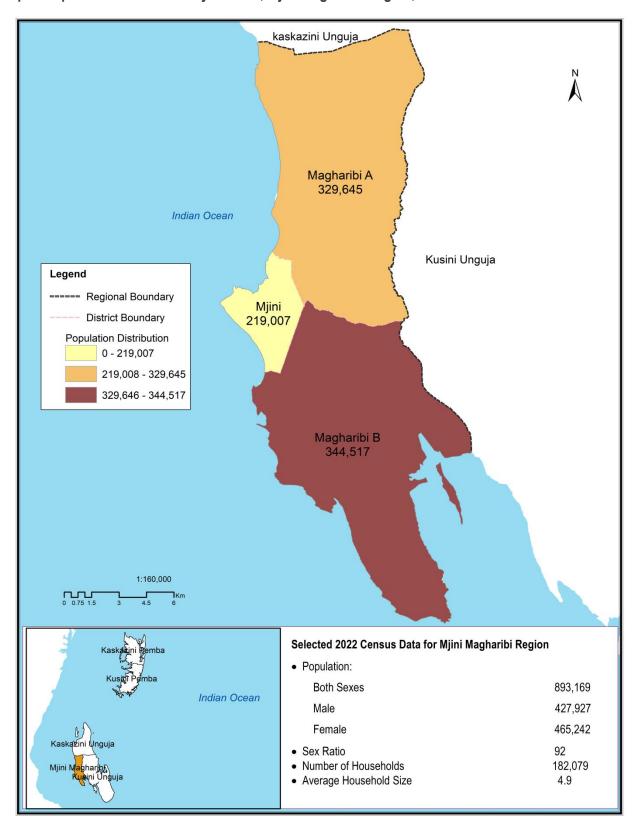


Table 3.0: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Council, Mjini Magharibi Region; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of Households	Average
	Region/Council	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio		Household Size
Mjin	i Magharibi Region	893,169	427,927	465,242	92	182,079	4.9
1.	Mjini Municipal	219,007	105,888	113,119	94	46,236	4.7
2.	Magharibi A Municipal	329,645	158,500	171,145	93	64,828	5.1
3.	Magharibi B Municipal	344,517	163,539	180,978	90	71,015	4.9

3.1 MJINI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Table 3. 1: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Mjini Municipal Council; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Mjin	i Municipal Council	219,007	105,888	113,119	94	46,236	4.7
1.	Shangani	1,853	890	963	92	403	4.6
2.	Mkunazini	1,651	828	823	101	355	4.7
3.	Kiponda	1,353	649	704	92	297	4.6
4.	Malindi	3,055	1,791	1,264	142	583	5.2
5.	Mchangani	2,057	969	1,088	89	438	4.7
6.	Vikokotoni	1,617	747	870	86	327	4.9
7.	Mlandege	1,861	876	985	89	397	4.7
8.	Gulioni	2,342	1,116	1,226	91	453	5.2
9.	Makadara	2,251	1,097	1,154	95	484	4.7
10.	Muembetanga	2,376	1,049	1,327	79	526	4.5
11.	Mitiulaya	2,826	1,370	1,456	94	623	4.5
12.	Shaurimoyo	5,597	2,694	2,903	93	1,164	4.8
13.	Saateni	2,557	1,233	1,324	93	540	4.7
14.	Kwamtipura	8,541	4,141	4,400	94	1,631	5.2
15.	Mkele	4,164	1,962	2,202	89	960	4.3
16.	Mboriborini	2,559	1,296	1,263	103	512	5.0
17.	Mapinduzi	2,356	1,128	1,228	92	501	4.7
18.	Mwembemakumbi	4,723	2,216	2,507	88	941	5.0
19.	Maruhubi	3,697	1,780	1,917	93	672	5.5
20.	Masumbani	4,988	2,377	2,611	91	972	5.1
21.	Chumbuni	7,226	3,490	3,736	93	1,300	5.6
22.	Karakana	2,446	1,195	1,251	96	467	5.2
23.	Banko	6,867	3,270	3,597	91	1,233	5.6
24.	Kilimahewa Juu	4,745	2,274	2,471	92	982	4.8
25.	Kilimahewa Bondeni	5,280	2,601	2,679	97	1,152	4.6
26.	Amani	6,113	2,826	3,287	86	1,313	4.7
27.	Kwa Wazee	4,488	2,147	2,341	92	919	4.9

			Population			Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
28.	Nyerere	6,456	3,143	3,313	95	1,343	4.8
29.	Sogea	4,711	2,299	2,412	95	1,041	4.5
30.	Kwamtumwajeni	3,872	1,897	1,975	96	890	4.4
31.	Magomeni	6,503	3,155	3,348	94	1,369	4.8
32.	Meya	6,039	2,877	3,162	91	1,297	4.7
33.	Mpendae	4,810	2,296	2,514	91	943	5.1
34.	Kwabintiamrani	8,822	4,363	4,459	98	1,871	4.7
35.	Kilimani	2,337	1,025	1,312	78	554	4.2
36.	Migombani	7,920	3,840	4,080	94	1,595	5.0
37.	Urusi	7,363	3,586	3,777	95	1,565	4.7
38.	Jang'ombe	5,890	2,801	3,089	91	1,392	4.2
39.	Kidongo Chekundu	1,998	962	1,036	93	435	4.6
40.	Matarumbeta	4,404	2,145	2,259	95	1,036	4.3
41.	Kwaalinatu	3,398	1,692	1,706	99	829	4.1
42.	Mwembeladu	2,534	1,193	1,341	89	520	4.9
43.	Miembeni	3,758	1,729	2,029	85	874	4.3
44.	Muembeshauri	1,853	871	982	89	383	4.8
45.	Rahaleo	2,129	1,006	1,123	90	477	4.5
46	MwembeMadema	1,839	1,147	692	166	417	4.4
47.	Kikwajuni Juu	2,380	1,273	1,107	115	505	4.7
48.	Kikwajuni Bondeni	2,400	1,240	1,160	107	531	4.5
49.	Kisimamajongoo	2,307	1,063	1,244	85	480	4.8
50.	Kisiwandui	1,344	610	734	83	323	4.2
51.	Mnazimmoja	2,129	974	1,155	84	362	5.9
52.	Sebleni	7,016	3,399	3,617	94	1,475	4.8
53.	Muungano	4,898	2,272	2,626	87	1,084	4.5
54.	Kwaalimsha	2,782	1,336	1,446	92	664	4.2
55.	Mikunguni	2,800	1,328	1,472	90	648	4.3
56.	Kwahani	4,726	2,354	2,372	99	1,188	4.0

3.2 MAGHARIBI A MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Table 3. 2: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Magharibi A Municipal Council; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Mag	haribi A Municipal Council	329,645	158,500	171,145	93	64,828	5.1
1.	Bububu	5,646	2,671	2,975	90	1,187	4.8
2.	Mbuzini	20,049	9,435	10,614	89	4,188	4.8
3	Kijichi	14,513	6,700	7,813	86	2,652	5.5
4.	Dole	7,598	3,793	3,805	100	1,692	4.5
5.	Kizimbani	4,167	2,076	2,091	99	898	4.6
6.	Chemchem	9,871	4,693	5,178	91	1,756	5.6
7.	Chuini	16,076	7,648	8,428	91	3,395	4.7
8.	Kama	8,156	3,808	4,348	88	1,614	5.1
9.	Kihinani	13,167	6,248	6,919	90	2,584	5.1
10.	Kikaangoni	13,485	6,284	7,201	87	2,539	5.3
11.	Mfenesini	6,447	2,978	3,469	86	1,295	5.0
12.	Mwakaje	5,624	2,794	2,830	99	1,288	4.4
13.	Bumbwisudi	3,043	1,579	1,464	108	753	4.0
14.	Mwera	19,199	9,192	10,007	92	4,061	4.7
15.	Muembe Mchomeke	9,107	4,405	4,702	94	1,896	4.8
16.	Kianga	19,968	9,383	10,585	89	4,181	4.8
17.	Masingini	10,455	4,939	5,516	90	2,111	5.0
18.	Mtoni Kidatu	13,824	6,766	7,058	96	2,389	5.8
19.	Mtoni ChemChem	16,503	8,127	8,376	97	3,065	5.4
20.	Welezo	7,808	3,776	4,032	94	1,546	5.1
21.	Uholanzi	8,146	4,061	4,085	99	1,452	5.6
22.	Mtofaani	7,186	3,394	3,792	90	1,501	4.8
23.	Michikichini	15,558	7,513	8,045	93	3,175	4.9
24.	Hawaii	3,354	1,587	1,767	90	706	4.8
25.	Mto pepo	10,815	5,269	5,546	95	1,952	5.5
26.	Munduli	11,688	5,839	5,849	100	2,166	5.4
27.	Mtoni	15,765	8,088	7,677	105	2,887	5.5
28.	Sharifu Msa	6,230	3,020	3,210	94	1,199	5.2
29.	Mwanyanya	10,692	5,124	5,568	92	1,859	5.8
30.	Kibweni	10,185	4,778	5,407	88	1,906	5.3
31.	Kwa Goa	5,320	2,532	2,788	91	935	5.7

3.3 MAGHARIBI B MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Table 3. 3: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Magharibi B Municipal Council; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Mag	haribi B Municipal Council	344,517	163,539	180,978	90	71,015	4.9
1.	Mwanakwerekwe	19,729	9,529	10,200	93	3,948	5.0
2.	Mikarafuuni	8,393	4,184	4,209	99	1,614	5.2
3.	Magogoni	7,942	3,739	4,203	89	1,461	5.4
4.	Jitimai	3,707	1,736	1,971	88	758	4.9
5.	Sokoni	4,863	2,202	2,661	83	898	5.4
6.	Melinne	9,473	4,464	5,009	89	2,047	4.6
7.	Taveta	5,429	2,498	2,931	85	1,200	4.5
8.	Kijitoupele	24,538	11,380	13,158	86	5,116	4.8
9.	Uzi	17,994	8,661	9,333	93	3,462	5.2
10.	Kinuni	11,014	5,381	5,633	96	1,957	5.6
11.	Mnarani	15,323	7,032	8,291	85	3,235	4.7
12.	Pangawe	13,764	6,538	7,226	90	2,892	4.8
13.	Muembe Majogoo	11,130	5,450	5,680	96	1,944	5.7
14.	Kibondeni	7,955	3,787	4,168	91	1,755	4.5
15.	Uwandani	14,257	6,839	7,418	92	3,021	4.7
16.	Chunga	13,935	6,538	7,397	88	2,821	4.9
17.	Mambosasa	17,365	7,992	9,373	85	3,574	4.9
18.	Fuoni Kipungani	10,103	4,757	5,346	89	2,084	4.8
19.	Fuoni Migombani	7,035	3,203	3,832	84	1,395	5.0
20.	Maungani	10,858	5,187	5,671	91	2,322	4.7
21.	Kisauni	17,962	8,521	9,441	90	3,767	4.8
22.	Tomondo	17,717	8,596	9,121	94	3,184	5.6
23.	Fumba	1,989	1,036	953	109	488	4.1
24.	Bweleo	1,893	1,003	890	113	506	3.7
25.	Dimani	3,586	1,818	1,768	103	882	4.1
26.	Kombeni	7,920	3,848	4,072	94	1,843	4.3
27.	Nyamanzi	2,547	1,259	1,288	98	624	4.1
28.	Shakani	8,111	4,023	4,088	98	1,851	4.4
29.	Chukwani	13,197	6,251	6,946	90	2,894	4.6
30.	Kiembesamaki	5,313	2,460	2,853	86	1,177	4.5
31.	Mbweni	9,164	4,312	4,852	89	2,232	4.1
32.	Mombasa	8,934	4,119	4,815	86	1,637	5.5
33.	Kwa Mchina	3,623	1,638	1,985	83	722	5.0
34.	Michungwani	7,754	3,558	4,196	85	1,704	4.6

Region 4: Kaskazini Pemba

Map 4: Population Distribution by Council, Kaskazini Pemba Region; 2022 PHC

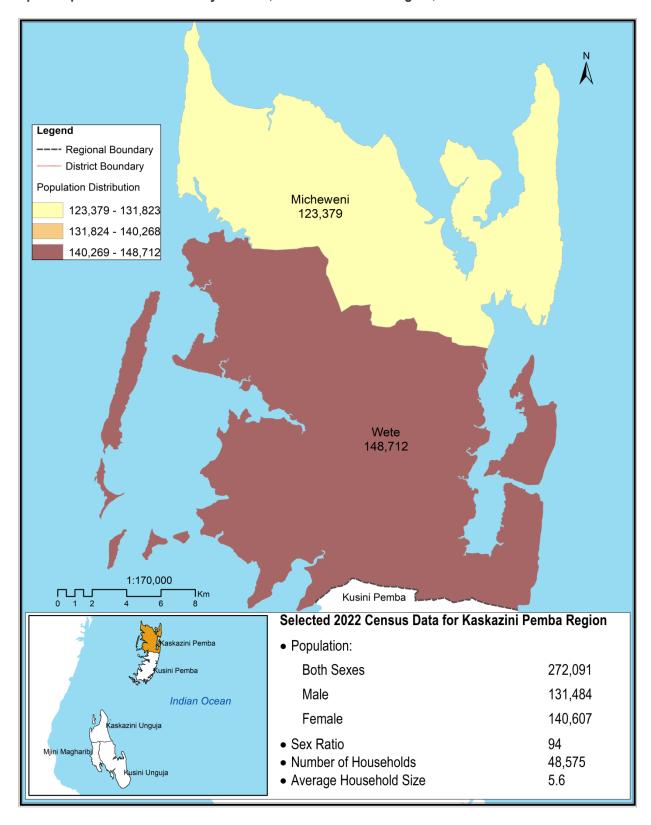


Table 4.0: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households, Average Household Size by Council, Kaskazini Pemba Region; 2022 PHC

Council			Population			Number of Households	Average Household Size
		Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio		
Kaska	azini Pemba Region	272,091	131,484	140,607	94	48,575	5.6
1.	Wete Town	148,712	71,929	76,783	94	26,627	5.6
2.	Micheweni District	123,379	59,555	63,824	93	21,948	5.6

4.1 WETE TOWN COUNCIL

Table 4. 1: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Wete Town Council; 2022 PHC

			Population			Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Households	Household Size
Wete	Town Council	148,712	71,929	76,783	94	26,627	5.6
1.	Fundo	4,095	2,126	1,969	108	734	5.6
2.	Gando	4,265	2,102	2,163	97	756	5.6
3.	Ukunjwi	3,691	1,898	1,793	106	735	5.0
4.	Junguni	3,661	1,776	1,885	94	632	5.8
5.	Finya	3,232	1,568	1,664	94	597	5.4
6.	Mgogoni	3,623	1,797	1,826	98	607	6.0
7.	Kizimbani	6,184	2,896	3,288	88	1,129	5.5
8.	Kinyasini	4,605	2,238	2,367	95	790	5.8
9.	Kipangani	3,913	1,915	1,998	96	744	5.3
10.	Selem	2,522	1,151	1,371	84	483	5.2
11.	Jadida	2,107	986	1,121	88	382	5.5
12.	Mtemani	4,470	2,133	2,337	91	815	5.5
13.	Bopwe	5,939	2,860	3,079	93	1,065	5.6
14.	Utaani	4,160	1,951	2,209	88	745	5.6
15.	Pandani	6,879	3,326	3,553	94	1,168	5.9
16.	Maziwani	2,243	1,084	1,159	94	370	6.1
17.	Mzambarau Takao	3,499	1,670	1,829	91	646	5.4
18.	Shengejuu	2,972	1,438	1,534	94	532	5.6
19.	Kiungoni	5,510	2,696	2,814	96	935	5.9
20,	Pembeni	2,806	1,366	1,440	95	503	5.6
21.	Mjananza	2,137	1,022	1,115	92	376	5.7
22.	Mlindo	2,563	1,213	1,350	90	465	5.5
23.	Mchanga Mdogo	4,592	2,207	2,385	93	809	5.7
24,	Kojani	6,120	2,926	3,194	92	1,181	5.2
25.	Kinyikani	2,965	1,414	1,551	91	484	6.1
26.	Chwale	3,354	1,587	1,767	90	566	5.9
27.	Mpambani	2,355	1,068	1,287	83	454	5.2
28.	Kambini	4,005	1,938	2,067	94	706	5.7
29.	Kangagani	3,874	1,838	2,036	90	753	5.1
30.	Kiuyu Minungwini	6,023	2,914	3,109	94	1,077	5.6
31.	Kiuyu Kigongoni	3,629	1,752	1,877	93	614	5.9
32.	Mtambwe Kaskazini	7,473	3,646	3,827	95	1,351	5.5
33.	Kisiwani	3,488	1,717	1,771	97	629	5.5
34.	Mtambwe Kusini	5,276	2,650	2,626	101	926	5.7
35.	Piki	5,105	2,499	2,606	96	853	6.0
36.	Limbani	5,377	2,561	2,816	91	1,015	5.3

4.2 MICHEWENI DISTRICT COUNCIL

Table 4. 2: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Micheweni District Council; 2022 PHC

			Population		Sex	Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Ratio	Households	Household Size
Miche	eweni District Council	123,379	59,555	63,824	93	21,948	5.6
		0.004	4 470	4 500	00	500	5.0
1.	Majenzi	3,001	1,473	1,528	96	533	5.6
2.	Micheweni	3,705	1,816	1,889	96	648	5.7
3.	Shumba Mjini	6,035	3,006	3,029	99	1,074	5.6
4.	Chamboni	4,062	1,980	2,082	95	694	5.9
5.	Shanake	4,237	2,103	2,134	99	767	5.5
6.	Kiuyu Mbuyuni	5,630	2,701	2,929	92	1,017	5.5
7.	Maziwa Ng'ombe	8,897	4,174	4,723	88	1,656	5.4
8.	Sizini	5,808	2,768	3,040	91	1,020	5.7
9.	Mjini Wingwi	6,040	2,919	3,121	94	1,092	5.5
10.	Wingwi Mapofu	5,482	2,612	2,870	91	937	5.9
11.	Wingwi Njuguni	3,518	1,643	1,875	88	618	5.7
12.	Mtemani	4,525	2,161	2,364	91	839	5.4
13.	Tondooni	4,712	2,312	2,400	96	855	5.5
14.	Makangale	4,100	2,067	2,033	102	705	5.8
15.	Msuka Magharibi	5,104	2,465	2,639	93	856	6.0
16.	Msuka Mashariki	5,309	2,585	2,724	95	948	5.6
17.	Kifundi	4,188	2,044	2,144	95	728	5.8
18.	Konde	7,500	3,522	3,978	89	1,357	5.5
19.	Kipange	3,191	1,543	1,648	94	563	5.7
20.	Mihogoni	3,253	1,539	1,714	90	591	5.5
21.	Tumbe Magharibi	6,008	2,935	3,073	96	1,041	5.8
22.	Tumbe Mashariki	7,163	3,475	3,688	94	1,257	5.7
23.	Shumba Viamboni	2,695	1,273	1,422	90	476	5.7
24.	Chimba	4,033	1,939	2,094	93	735	5.5
25.	Kinowe	5,183	2,500	2,683	93	941	5.5

Region 5: Kusini Pemba

Map 5: Population Distribution by Council, Kusini Pemba Region; 2022 PHC

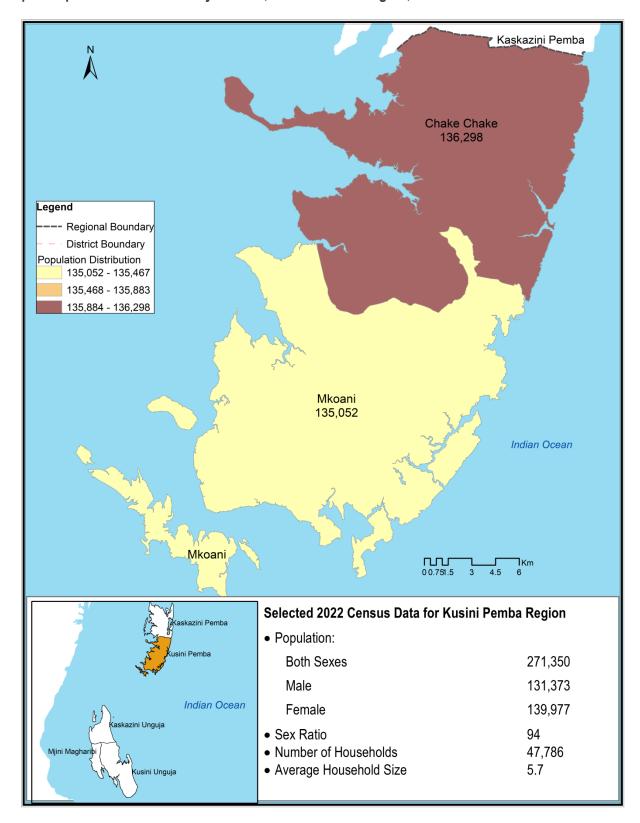


Table 5.0: Population Distribution by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Council, Kusini Pemba Region; 2022 PHC

	by Country Rushin Form		Population				Average Household Size
Council		Both Sexes	Both Sexes Male		Sex Ratio		
Kusi	ni Pemba Region	271,350	131,373	139,977	94	47,786	5.7
1.	Chake Chake Town	136,298	65,386	70,912	92	24,557	5.6
2.	Mkoani Town	135,052	65,987	69,065	96	23,229	5.8

5.1 CHAKE CHAKE TOWN COUNCIL

Table 5. 1: Population Distributions by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Chake Chake Town Council; 2022 PHC

			Population				Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Sex Ratio	Number of Households	Household Size
Chake	e Chake Town Council	136,298	65,386	70,912	92	24,557	5.6
1.	Chanjaani	4,552	2,160	2,392	90	790	5.8
2.	Shungi	3,691	1,844	1,847	100	575	6.4
3.	Madungu	5,869	2,788	3,081	90	1,078	5.4
4.	Tibirinzi	5,138	2,489	2,649	94	912	5.6
5.	Chachani	990	509	481	106	210	4.7
6.	Kichungwani	2,213	1,020	1,193	85	415	5.3
7.	Msingini	2,748	1,286	1,462	88	517	5.3
8.	Wawi	8,430	4,089	4,341	94	1,711	4.9
9.	Wara	5,774	2,678	3,096	86	1,137	5.1
10.	Mkoroshoni	4,156	1,934	2,222	87	756	5.5
11.	Mvumoni	3,560	1,673	1,887	89	638	5.6
12.	Mgogoni	3,841	1,856	1,985	94	693	5.5
13.	Kibokoni	3,049	1,465	1,584	92	584	5.2
14.	Gombani	5,520	2,508	3,012	83	973	5.7
15.	Ole	4,188	1,957	2,231	88	710	5.9
16.	Mchanga Mrima	4,069	1,906	2,163	88	697	5.8
17.	Mjini Ole	4,200	2,037	2,163	94	783	5.4
18.	Vitongoji	6,394	3,050	3,344	91	1,162	5.5
19.	Ng'ambwa	3579	1800	1779	101	624	5.7
20.	Uwandani	3,071	1,563	1,508	104	537	5.7
21.	Pujini	5,734	2,844	2,890	98	997	5.8
22.	Matale	5,100	2,556	2,544	100	850	6.0
23.	Mfikiwa	2,857	1,388	1,469	94	539	5.3
24.	Chonga	4,642	2,283	2,359	97	824	5.6
25.	Mgelema	1,877	916	961	95	306	6.1
26.	Kilindi	5,343	2,563	2,780	92	936	5.7
27.	Ziwani	4,549	2,141	2,408	89	846	5.4
28.	Kwale	4,431	2,146	2,285	94	794	5.6
29.	Mbuzini	3,665	1,722	1,943	89	630	5.8
30.	Ndagoni	5,684	2,727	2,957	92	1,035	5.5
31.	Wesha	4,439	2,065	2,374	87	775	5.7
32.	Michungwani	2,945	1,423	1,522	93	523	5.6
		, ,		,		-	· -

5.2 MKOANI TOWN COUNCIL

Table 5. 2: Population Distributions by Sex, Sex Ratio, Number of Households and Average Household Size by Shehia, Mkoani Town Council; 2022 PHC

			Population		Sex	Number of	Average
	Council/Shehia	Both Sexes	Male	Female	Ratio	Households	Household Size
Mkoani	Town Council	135,052	65,987	69,065	96	23,229	5.8
4		1511	0.017	0.007	0.5	744	2.1
1.	Ngwachani	4,544	2,217	2,327	95	711	6.4
2.	Wambaa	3,913	1,923	1,990	97	714	5.5
3.	Chumbageni	4,329	2,222	2,107	105	686	6.3
4.	Mgagadu	3,791	1,941	1,850	105	571	6.6
5.	Chambani	7,460	3,702	3,758	99	1,243	6.0
6.	Ukutini	3,321	1,617	1,704	95	557	6.0
7.	Dodo	5,679	2,795	2,884	97	1,001	5.7
8.	Mwambe	6,008	2,945	3,063	96	1,059	5.7
9.	Shamiani	1,264	635	629	101	230	5.5
10.	Jombwe	3,853	1,903	1,950	98	641	6.0
11.	Mchakwe	3,005	1,438	1,567	92	551	5.5
12.	Kiwani	3,747	1,876	1,871	100	653	5.7
13.	Mtangani	3,526	1,725	1,801	96	601	5.9
14.	Kendwa	5,595	2,710	2,885	94	958	5.8
15.	Kisiwapanza	3,740	1,882	1,858	101	729	5.1
16.	Kangani	5,014	2,497	2,517	99	889	5.6
17.	Kengeja	7,202	3,358	3,844	87	1,236	5.8
18.	Kuukuu	2,545	1,253	1,292	97	476	5.3
19.	Mkungu	2304	1150	1154	100	356	6.5
20.	Chole	1,796	872	924	94	307	5.9
21.	Mtambile	7,000	3,388	3,612	94	1,137	6.2
22.	Mizingani	2,677	1,345	1,332	101	405	6.6
23.	Mjimbini	3,210	1,558	1,652	94	517	6.2
24.	Minazini	2,457	1,249	1,208	103	358	6.9
25.	Ng'ombeni	3,711	1,739	1,972	88	726	5.1
26.	Makombeni	2,154	1,021	1,133	90	406	5.3
27.	Mbuguani	2,107	1,054	1,053	100	363	5.8
28.	Uweleni	3,063	1,379	1,684	82	534	5.7
29.	Changaweni	2,602	1,227	1,375	89	451	5.8
30.	Makoongwe	1,695	793	902	88	348	4.9
31.	Shidi	1,343	634	709	89	253	5.3
32.	Michenzani	3,896	1,855	2,041	91	713	5.5
33.	Mbuyuni	3,179	1,696	1,483	114	430	7.4
	•						
34.	Stahabu	3,094	1,519	1,575	96	556	5.6
35.	Mkanyageni	4,431	2,060	2,371	87	821	5.4
36.	Chokocho	5,797	2,809	2,988	94	1,042	5.6

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