Married status by region; Divorced

International Boundary
Regional Boundary

N

1:5,000,000

120 60 0 120 Kilometers

UGANDA
Lake Victoria
KENYA

RWANDA
BURUNDI
D.R. CONGO
ZAMBIA
MALAWI
MOZAMBIQUE

Kagera 2.7
Mara 2.0
Mwanza 3.1
Geita 2.7
Simiyu 2.5
Arusha 2.1
Shinyanga 3.0
Kilimanjaro 3.1
Manyara 2.3
Kigoma 2.8
Tabora 2.8
Singida 2.3
Dodoma 2.9
Tanga 3.1
Katavi 2.0
Dar es Salaam 3.3
Pwani 4.1
Rukwa 1.9
Mbeya 2.3
Iringa 1.9
Morogoro 3.5
Lindi 4.6
Njombe 1.8
Ruvuma 2.5
Mtwara 4.8

Lake Tanganyika
Lake Rukwa
Lake Nyasa
L.Natron
L.Eyasi
L.Manyara
Ukerewe
Pemba
Unguja
Mafia
Indian Ocean

Divorced

	1.8 - 2.5
	2.6 - 3.2
	3.3 - 3.9
	4.0 - 4.6
	4.7 - 5.3

Inset (1:1,350,000)

Tanga Mainland
Kaskazini Pemba 3.5
Kusini Pemba 3.7
Kaskazini Unguja 4.2
Mjini Magharibi 4.6
Kusini Unguja 5.3
Indian Ocean

N

1:1,350,000

40 20 0 40 Kilometers
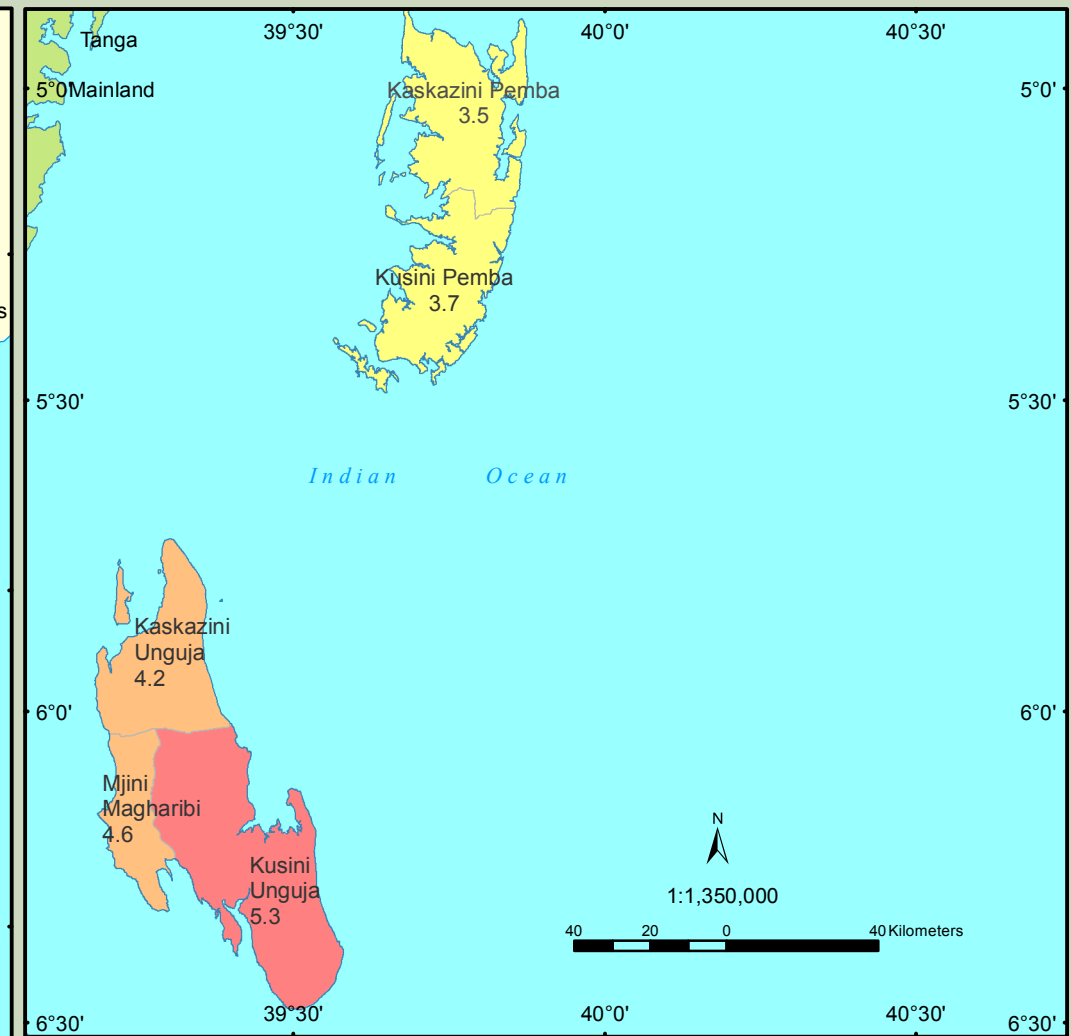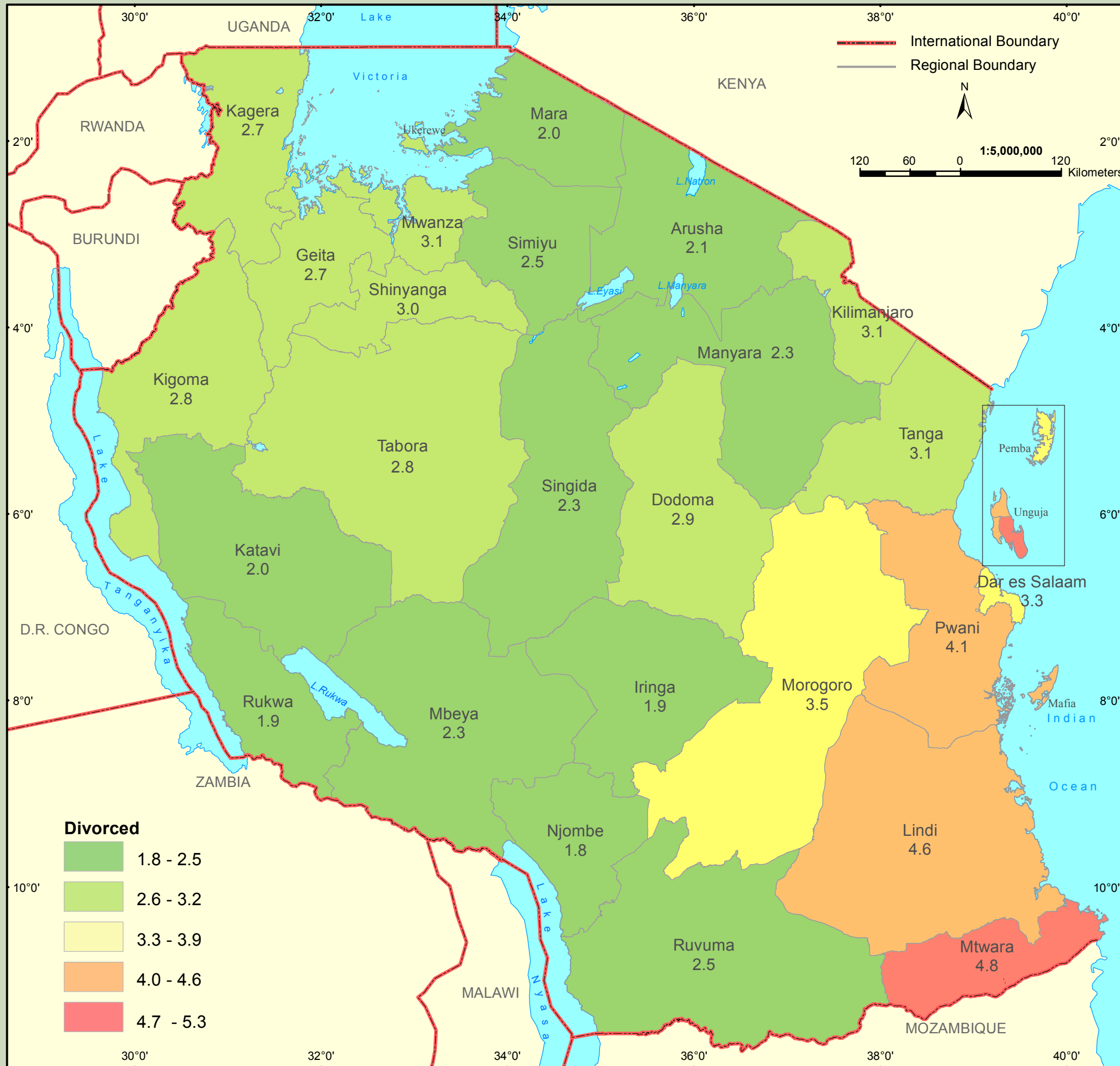
Divorced Persons are those persons who were once married but their marriages were permanently terminated and have not remarried since then. Note that in polygamous marriages the divorce of one or more wives does not categorize the husband as divorced if he still lives with the other wife (wives). Relying on this definition, results show that about three percent of the Tanzania population age 15 years and above were divorcen , of whom 2.3 percent were males and 3.5 percent were females. Variations among regions are quite substantial whereby Kusini Unguja recorded the highest proportion of the population aged 15 years and above who were divorced (5.3 percent). Other regions with equally high proportions of divorced persons were Mtwara (4.8), Mjini Magharibi and Lindi (4.6 each), Kaskazini Unguja (4.2) and Pwani (4.1). Regions which had the lowest proportions of persons aged 15 years and above included Njombe (1.8), Iringa and Rukwa (1.9 each), Katavi and Mara (2.0 each), Arusha (2.1), Mbeya and Manyara (2.3 each) and Simiyu (2.5).