

# THE 2023/24 TANZANIA STATISTICAL BUSINESS REGISTER REPORT





# **Table of Contents**

List of	Tables	iv
List of	Figures	vii
Prefac	ce	viii
Ackno	wledgement	ix
Execu	tive Summary	x
Acrony	ym And Abbreviations	iix
Definit	tion of Terms	xiii
CHAP	TER ONE	1
Backg	round Information	1
1.0	Introduction	1
1.1	Objectives of the Census	1
1.2	Purpose of the SBR	2
1.3	Rationale	2
1.4	Organization of the report	2
CHAP	TER TWO	3
METH	IODOLOGY	3
2.0	Introduction	3
2.1	Census Organization	3
2.2	Scope and Coverage	3
2.3	Data Collection Instruments	4
2.4	Pre-test Exercise	4
2.5	Recruitment and Training	4
2.6	Data Collection	4
2.7	Data Processing	5
2.8	Data Cleaning and Tabulation Plan	5
2.9	Ethical Consideration	5
CHAP	TER THREE	6
FINDI	NGS	6
3.0	Introduction	6
3.1	Number of Establishment by Region	6
3.2	Establishments by Economic Activities	7
3.3	Establishments by Main Sectors	12

3.4 Es	tablishments by Type of Ownership	13
3.5 Th	e Year an Establishment Started Operation	16
3.6 Es	tablishments by Size Group	16
3.7 Es	tablishments by Structure	17
3.8 Es	tablishments by Registration Status	18
3.9 Es	tablishments by Employment Status	20
3.10 En	ployed Person by Sex and Economic Activity	21
CHAPTER F	OUR	24
FINDINGS C	N SPECIFIC ECONOMIC ACTIVITY	24
4.0 Introd	luction	24
4.1 Ag	riculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector	24
4.1.1	Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Sector	25
4.1.2	Employment in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector	25
4.2 Mii	ning and Quarrying Sector	26
4.2.1	Ownership in Mining and Quarrying Sector	27
4.2.2	Employment in Mining and Quarrying Sector	27
4.3 Ma	nufacturing Sector	28
4.3.1	Ownership in Manufacturing Sector	29
4.3.2	Employment in the Manufacturing Sector	31
4.4 En	ergy Sector	32
4.4.1	Employment in Energy Sector	32
4.5 Wa	ter Supply, Sewerage and Waste Management Sector	33
4.5.1	Employment in Water Supply, Sewerage and Waste Management Sector	33
4.6 Co	nstruction Sector	34
4.6.1	Employment in Construction Sector	34
4.6.2	Ownership in Construction Sector	35
4.7 Tra	de Sector	35
4.7.1	Employment in Trade Sector	36
4.8 Tra	nsportation and Storage Sector	36
4.8.1	Ownership in Transportation and Storage Sector	37
4.8.2	Employment in Transport and Storage Sector	37
4.9 Ac	commodation, Food and Beverage Service Activities Sector	38
4.9.1	Employment in Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services	39
4.10 Inf	ormation and Communication Sector	39

4.	10.1	Employment in Information and Communication Sector	40
4.	10.2	Ownership in Information and Communication Sector	40
4.11	Fin	ancial and Insurance Sector	41
4.	11.1	Ownership in Financial and Insurance Sector	41
4.12	Rea	al Estate Activities Sector	42
4.	12.1	Employment in Real Estate Activity Sector	42
4.13	Pro	fessional, Scientific and Technical Activities Sector	43
4.	13.1	Employment in Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities Sector	43
4.14	Adr	ninistrative and Support Service Activities Sector	44
4.	14.1	Employment in Administrative and Support Service Activities	44
4.15	Puk	lic Administration, Defense and Compulsory Social Security Sector	45
4.16	Edu	cation Sector	45
4.	16.1	Employment in Education Sector	46
4.	16.2	Ownership in Education Sector	46
4.17	Hur	nan Health and Social Work Activities Sector	47
4.	17.1	Ownership in Human Health and Social Work Activities	48
4.18	Arts	s, Entertainment and Recreation Activities Sector	48
4.	18.1	Ownership in the Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Sector	49
4.19	Oth	er Service Activities Sector	49
4.	19.1	Ownership in the Other Services Sector	50
CHAPT	ER FI	VE	51
CONCL	USIO	N, CHALENGES AND RECOMMENDATIONS	51
5.0	Introd	uction	51
5.1	Cor	nclusion	51
5.2	Cha	ıllenges	52
5.3	Red	commendations	52
APPEN	IDIXES	)	53

# **List of Tables**

Table 3.1	Number of Establishment by Economic Activity and Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 3.2	Number of Establishments by Region and Main Sectors; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR1
Table 3.3	Number of Establishment by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR14
Table 3.4	Percentage of Establishments by Type of Ownership and Economic Activity; Tanzania,
	2023/24 SBR1
Table 3.5	Number and Percentage of Establishments by Year of Commencement of Operation;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR10
Table 3.6	Number of Establishments by Economic Activity and Size Group; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
	1
Table 3.7	Number and Percent Distribution of Establishments by Structure; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
	11
Table 3.8	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments by Registration Status and Region
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR1
Table 3.9	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged in the Establishments by Sex
	and Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR2
Table 3.10	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons engaged (Employed) by Sex and
	Economic Activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.1	Distribution of Establishments engaged in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector by
	Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR29
Table 4.2	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Agriculture,
	Forestry, and Fishing Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR29
Table 4.3	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Mining and
	Quarrying Sector by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.4	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Manufacturing
	Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.5	Number of Establishments in the Manufacturing Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-
	Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.6	Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Manufacturing Sector by Activity and
	Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.7	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Energy Sector by
	Sub-Sector: Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Table 4.8	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Water Supply,
	Sewerage and Waste Management Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR3
Table 4.9	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Water Supply
	Sewerage and Waste Management Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24
	SBR
Table 4.10	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Construction Sector by Sub
	Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.11	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Construction Sector by Type
	of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.12	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments engaged in the Trade Sector by
	Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.13	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Trade Sector
	by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR3
Table 4.14	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments engaged in the Transportation and
	Storage Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.15	Number and Percent Distribution of Establishments by Type of Ownership and Su-Sector;
	Tanzania 2023/24 SBR3
Table 4.16	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged in the Transport and Storage
	Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.17	Number and Percentage distribution of establishments engaged in the Accommodation,
	Food and Beverage Services Sector by sub sectors; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR3
Table 4.18	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the
	Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania,
	2023/24 SBR
Table 4.19	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Information
	and Communication Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR3
Table 4.20	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Information
	and communication Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR4
Table 4.21	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Information and
	Communication Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR .4
Table 4.22	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Financial and
	Insurance Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR4
Table 4.23	Distribution of Establishments in the Financial and Insurance Sector by Ownership and
	Sub-Sector: Tanzania. 2023/24 SBR

Table 4.24	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Real Estate Activity Sector
	by Sub Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR42
Table 4.25	Number and Percentage of Establishments Engaged in Professional, Scientific and
	Technical Activities Sector by Sub Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR43
Table 4.26	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Professional,
	Scientific and Technical Activities Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR43
Table 4.27	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Administrative and
	Support Service Activities Sector by Type of Activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR44
Table 4.28	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the
	Administrative and Support Service Activities Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR 44
Table 4.29	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Public
	Administration, Defense and Compulsory Social Security Services Sector by Sub-Sector;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR45
Table 4.30	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in Education Sector by
	Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR45
Table 4.31	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Human
	Health and Social Work Activities Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
	47
Table 4.32	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Human Health Sector by
	Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Table 4.33	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Arts,
	Entertainment, and Recreation sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR48
Table 4.34	Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Other
	Services Sector by Sub-Sector and Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR49
Table 4.35	Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Other Services Sector by
	Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

# List of Figures

Figure 3.1	Number of Establishments; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR6
Figure 3.2:	Percentage Distribution of Establishments by Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR7
Figure 3.3	Percentage Distribution of establishment's Economic Activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR 11
Figure 3.4	Percentage Distribution of Establishments by Registration Status; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
	18
Figure 3.5	Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (employed) by Sex and Economic activity;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Figure 4.1	Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector
	by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR24
Figure 4.2	Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Mining and Quarrying Sector by
	Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Figure 4.3	Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Mining and Quarrying
	Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR27
Figure 4.4	Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in Energy Sector by Sex;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Figure 4.5	Percentage of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Construction Sector by Sex and Sub-
	Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR34
Figure 4.6	Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Accommodation, Food and Beverage
	Services Sector
Figure 4.7	Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Real Estate Sector by Sex;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Figure 4.8	Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Education Sector by Sex;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Figure 4.9	Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Education Sector by Type of Ownership;
	Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR
Figure 4.10	Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Sector
	by Type of Ownership: Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

**Preface** 

This report presents the findings of the 2023/24 Census of Statistical Business Register (SBR). The

census was undertaken by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Tanzania Mainland and the Office of

the Chief Government Statistician (OCGS), Zanzibar. The 2023/24 SBR is the first United Republic of

Tanzania (URT) census of establishments conducted in Tanzania under the Tanzania Statistical Master

Plan II (TSMP II).

The 2023/24 SBR aimed to provide a comprehensive and up-to-date source of information from

establishments within a specific region or jurisdiction. This register serves as a foundational tool for

statistical agencies and organizations, offering a systematic way to collect, maintain, and disseminate

data on various aspects of establishments, such as their size, industrial classification, geographical

location, ownership, and economic activities. It will also be used as a sample frame for several surveys

that will be conducted in the country.

The 2023/24 SBR covers all establishments engaging one person and above and operating in fixed

premises (township in regions, district, urban wards/shehia and mixed wards/shehia) that adhere to the

International Standard Industrial Classification, Revision 4 (ISIC-Rev. 4). This report presents the

detailed findings at national and regional levels. The report provides useful information in supporting

evidence-based decision-making, fostering economic development, and promoting transparency and

accountability in the business sector.

In this regard, the NBS and the OCGS encourage policymakers and other stakeholders in the business

sector to use these findings for policy formulation and further research.

Dr. Albina Chuwa,

Statistician General.

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Chief Government Statistician.

VIII

Acknowledgement

This report was compiled in collaboration with stakeholders and individuals, and their contributions are

much appreciated. Their combined efforts enabled the successful implementation of the 2023/24

Statistical Business Register Census (SBR).

Special gratitude goes to the Government of Tanzania for its support in the whole process of

implementing the SBR Census and all development partners for their financial support through the

Tanzania Statistical Master Plan II (TSMP II).

I like to express my sincere gratitude to the management of all establishments for their cooperation and

to whom we guarantee the utmost confidentiality. I would like to acknowledge the commitment shown

by the Regional Statistical Office staff and Local Government Authorities particularly Regional Trade

Officers and local leaders for their efficient and effective handling of the SBR exercise in their

respective regions.

Lastly, I thank all SBR Census Technical Committee Members from NBS, Ministry of Industry and

Trade, TAMISEMI, TRA and BRELA from Tanzania Mainland and OCGS management and staffs,

ZSSF, ZRA, MTI, BPRA and other MDA's for their valuable contributions during the entire census

exercise.

I would be grateful to receive your opinions and comments on this report or any other publications. The

Statistician General of the National Bureau of Statistics can be contacted via email at sg@nbs.go.tz,

and the Chief Government Statistician through <a href="mailto:zanstat@ocgs.go.tz">zanstat@ocgs.go.tz</a>. You can view more publications at

www.nbs.go.tz or www.ocgs.go.tz.

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## **Executive Summary**

The 2023/24 SBR is the first harmonized census conducted by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS), Tanzania Mainland and Office of the Chief Government Statistician (OCGS) Zanzibar. The main objective of the SBR census is to provide sampling frame for all establishment based on censuses and surveys. Previous censuses were conducted separately for Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar.

This report presents findings based on visited establishments. The Census of Business Register (SBR) was a complete enumeration of all operating economic units with a fixed location in the country, irrespective of the number of employees. Census results indicates that, a total of 219,371 establishments were enumerated in Tanzania; 179,196 establishments in Tanzania Mainland and 40,175 in Zanzibar.

The distribution of establishments by region reveals that, the majority of establishments are located in Dar es Salaam Region (25,935 establishments; 11.8%), followed by Mjini Magharibi (22,711; 10.4%), Geita (9,739; 4.4%), Mwanza (9,524; 4.3%), Mbeya (8,555; 3.9%) and Dodoma (8,098; 3.7%). The remaining regions has less than 3.6 percent of the enumerated establishments each.

Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles have the largest number of establishments accounting for 55.1 percent of all establishments, followed by Accommodation and food service activities (9.3%), Manufacturing (8.0%), Other service activities (7.5%) Education (5.9%) and the remaining activities has less than five percent each.

About 84.3percent of establishments are owned by Private Profit-Making Institutions, 7.6 percent are owned by Government Institutions and 3.9 percent are owned by Private Non-Profit Making Institutions. Very few establishments are owned by Parastatals (1.8%), Cooperatives (1.5%) and Joint Venture (0.9%). Amongst establishments owned by Government institutions, education as an economic activity, accounts for the highest percentage (44.0%) of establishments, followed by public administration and defence compulsory social security (34.2%) and human health and social work activities (12.7%).

The distribution of establishments by size group reveals that 78.1 percent of establishment have 1-4 workers. Moreover, most establishments, 91.8 percent are stand-alone establishments or enterprises or organizations without branches standalone establishment is an independent establishment that does not have branches or is not associated with any other establishment. About five percent are branches of establishments of large organizations and about three percent are Headquarters of establishments with more than one branch.

Out of 219,371 enumerated establishments in Tanzania, 78.1 percent are registered, 16.0 percent are not registered and 5.9 percent are mostly Government offices hence do not need registration.

In Tanzania Mainland, out of 179,196 enumerated establishments, 77.5 percent are registered, 16.0 percent are not registered and 6.5 percent are mostly Government offices that do not need registration, whereas in Zanzibar, out of 40,175 enumerated establishments, 80.9 percent are registered, 15.7 percent are not registered and 3.4 percent mostly Government offices hence do not need registration.

The number of persons engaged (Employees) for mostly economic activities reveal that, there were more males than females counterpart, with exception of Accommodation and food services (males 42.9% and females 57.1%) and Human health and social work activities (males 44.9% and females 55.1%).

## **Acronym And Abbreviations**

BPRA Business and Property Registration Agency

BRELA Business Registration and Licensing Agency

CSPro Census and Survey Processing System

GDP Gross Domestic Product

ISIC Rev.4 International Standard Industrial Classification Revision 4

MDAs Ministries, Departments and Agencies

MTID Ministry of Trade and Industrial Development

NBS National Bureau of Statistics

OCGS Office of the Chief Government Statistician

PPI Producer Price Index

SBR Statistical Business Register

SPSS Statistical Package for Social Sciences

TC Technical Committee

TRA Tanzania Revenue Authority

TSMP II Tanzania Statistical Master Plan Phase II

TZS Tanzanian Shilling

ZRA Zanzibar Revenue Authority

ZSSF Zanzibar Social Security Fund

**Definition of Terms** 

Terms and definitions used in this report were meant to provide guidance for users and help those

who are not familiar with statistical terms. These terms are defined according to the fundamental

standards of official statistics in the country that allow comparisons nationally and internationally.

The terms which were used widely in this report are:

Census of establishments: Is defined as a procedure of systematically acquiring and recording

information about all economic and social establishments in a specified period.

Establishment: Is defined as an economic unit, which engage under a single ownership or

control in one, or predominately one kind of economic activity at a single location or as a

local kind of activity unit, mainly conduct activities within a special industrial group; it serves as a

statistical unit in establishment-based surveys.

An enterprise: Is an organizational unit comprising of all economic activities engaged in by the

same owner – a legal entity covering one or more productive units.

Establishment Name: Refers to the registered name of a business or the name under which the unit

operates its business. For small units, which do not have business names, the name of the owner or

one of the partners will be used.

Statistical Unit: Is the unit of measure for which the required statistical information is gathered. Under

this census, it refers to an establishment.

Location: Refers to the smallest area where the establishment is located.

*Main Activity:* Is the activity that contributes most to the value added for the business.

Ownership: The act, state, or right of possessing something.

Employee: An employee is any worker hired by an establishment on a contract, permanent or

temporary basis. The payment could be in cash or in kind on a weekly, bi-monthly or monthly basis.

XIII

## **CHAPTER ONE**

#### **Background Information**

#### 1.0 Introduction

The Statistical Business Register (SBR) is a record of all active business establishments in the country. Essentially, it contains structural information about each establishment, including (but not limited to) name, economic activity, location and employment by sex. This structural information is central to the collection of business statistics because it enables one to identify and describe more precisely each business' participation in the economy. It provides a frame from which a sample can be selected to accurately represents a population of business establishments to be surveyed and studied.

The census for Statistical Business Register is a periodic census conducted after every three years in Tanzania Mainland and four years in Zanzibar. The updating of SBR is a continuous process conducted every year by Regional Statistical Offices for Tanzania Mainland and OCGS for Zanzibar. The 2023/24 SBR is the first harmonized and digitalized census conducted by the National Bureau of statistics (NBS), Tanzania Mainland and Office of the Chief Government Statistician (OCGS), Zanzibar. The previous censuses were conducted separately for Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar.

The Census was funded by Government of Tanzania, under the Tanzania Statistical Master Plan (TSMP) Phase II. One of the main goals of TSMP II project is to strengthen statistical infrastructures and contribute to the advancement of statistical development in the country as stipulated in the agreement between the TSMP II Project and the Statistics Offices of Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar.

## 1.1 Objectives of the Census

The main objective of the Tanzania 2023/24 SBR was to obtain a complete list of all establishments operating in the country with a fixed location and to have an updated sampling frame compiled according to the International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities, Revision 4 (ISIC REV 4). The specific objectives include:

- i. To obtain the geographical distribution of establishments;
- ii. To improve the statistical information base in contents, coverage and quantity; and
- iii. To determine the employment status, ownership, main activity and registration status of establishments.

## 1.2 Purpose of the SBR

The 2023/24 SBR was done for the purpose of updating Tanzania business register that will be used as a reliable source of information of economic activities practiced by establishments operating in Tanzania.

## 1.3 Rationale

The census of business register has been done separately for Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar, which led to the Statistical Business Register not being able to be aggregated and provide a real picture of business establishments in Tanzania.

The increasing demand for the geospatial information in recent days led the NBS and OCGS to collect data by using digital devices that are capable for collecting data with Global Positioning System (GPS) on physical location and position of an establishment.

Therefore, the SBR findings will be used to create a basic economic model by classifying the establishments in respective industry (ISIC Rev. 4), employment size, type of ownership etc. It also will be used as sampling frame for establishment based survey and input for rebasing of National Accounts.

## 1.4 Organization of the report

This report is organized into five chapters. Following this introduction chapter, the second chapter describes the methodological procedures used in this census. Chapter three presents general findings while the fourth chapter presents findings on specific economic activities. The last chapter explains conclusion, challenges and recommendations.

## **CHAPTER TWO**

#### **METHODOLOGY**

#### 2.0 Introduction

This chapter presents methodology and related issues that were undertaken in conducting the 2023/24 Statistical Business Register (SBR) for United Republic of Tanzania (URT). It covers issues relating to the organization of the census and techniques which includes data collection instruments, field activities, data processing, tabulation and analysis.

The Census of Business Register (SBR) is a complete enumeration of all operating economic units with a fixed location in the country, irrespective of the number of employees. The SBR data collection was completed within a period of almost two months from September to October in Zanzibar and November to December of 2023 in Tanzania Mainland.

## 2.1 Census Organization

In implementation of 2023/24 SBR census, a stakeholder's committee was established, members from different institutions which are key users of the register in both Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar. The committee was supported by a technical team to manage the technical and day to day aspects of the project. In order to obtain quality data, there were eight different quality control levels namely: NBS/OCGS management; Technical team; Census Coordinator; Desk officer; Quality control team; Region and District supervisors; field/team supervisors and enumerators.

## 2.2 Scope and Coverage

The scope of the 2023/24 SBR census covers both public and private establishments that are located in urban and rural areas of all regions in the country. The census was conducted in accordance with the International Standards of Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC Revision 4).

## 2.3 Data Collection Instruments

The data collection instruments which include questionnaire (hardcopy and softcopy) and instructions manual were prepared for collecting data from the field. Data collection was done using tablets. Census instruments were developed in a way that ensured comparability with previous registers of establishments. The questionnaires included most of the information requested by stakeholders.

#### 2.4 Pre-test Exercise

The pre-test of the census questionnaire was conducted. This was done to test the relevance of questions, wording and flow, and understanding of questions by respondents. It also helped to finish the coding for the questionnaire and assess how well the census instruments worked to get the desired data throughout the data collection activity.

## 2.5 Recruitment and Training

Recruitment of enumerators was done by NBS through their respective regional offices and OCGS through their head office. The Training of Trainers (TOT) was conducted for three days, followed by the Training of Enumerator (TOE) for nine days in Tanzania Mainland and three days in Zanzibar. The training modality was both theoretical and practical with the objective of impacting enumerators and supervisors with skills and techniques required for the field work.

#### 2.6 Data Collection

The 2023/24 SBR enumeration was completed within fifty-four (54) days in Tanzania Mainland and forty-five (45) days in Zanzibar, although the follow-ups were made through both face to face visits and telephone calls. Supervisors and enumerators physically re-administered incomplete questionnaire by using tablets and where possible revisited missing respondents in order to reduce the level of non-response. The enumeration exercise was a face to face interview undertaken using a team work approach. Owners or any eligible person in the establishments were the respondents. Teams were allocated to enumeration area/Shehia. Each team had an average of five enumerators and one team leader. In order to ensure quality of data collected, there were supervisors at regional level and from NBS/OCGS headquarters. Furthermore, data collection and management were done concurrently.

## 2.7 Data Processing

Data processing was done into two stages; Data cleaning and validation; and tabulations. Data processing emphasized on validation and other quality issues by incorporating quality checks at each stage of the activity.

## 2.8 Data Cleaning and Tabulation Plan

Data capturing process, cleaning and validation were facilitated using a well known data processing software, CSPro 6.0, Survey solution and then the cleaned data were exported to statistical analysis software, SPSS 20, for the final stage of processing (tabulation). Data cleaning was based on ISIC REV 4 for clarifying the appropriate codes for main activity of establishment, whereas validation checks were carried out to ensure that there were no errors. Microsoft Excel was used for producing tables and charts for easy visualization of the results.

#### 2.9 Ethical Consideration

During execution of the 2023/24 SBR census, ethical consideration guided census design and practice. Respondents were assured of confidentiality and non-disclosure of the information to other persons and that, the information collected are for statistical purpose only and the findings were disseminated in an aggregated form.

## **CHAPTER THREE**

#### **FINDINGS**

## 3.0 Introduction

This chapter presents the general findings of the SBR census. It covers the status and number of establishments collected, distribution of establishments by region, economic activity, main sectors, location, type of ownership, year the establishment started operation, organizational structure, registration status, employment status and size group.

## 3.1 Number of Establishment by Region

Census results indicates that, a total of 219,371 establishments were enumerated in Tanzania, whereby 179,196 were in Tanzania Mainland and 40,175 were in Zanzibar (Figure 3.1).

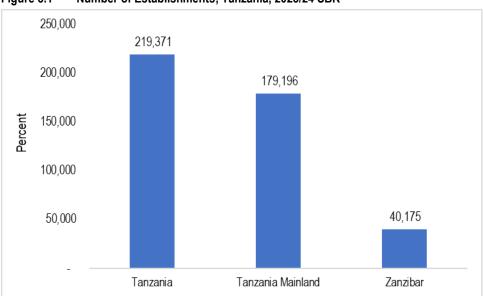


Figure 3.1 Number of Establishments; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Majority of establishments in Tanzania are located in Dar es Salaam Region (25,935 establishments; 14.5%), followed by Mjini Magharibi (22,711; 10.4%), Geita (9,739; 4.4%), Mwanza (9,524; 4.3%), Mbeya (8,555; 3.9%) and Dodoma (8,098; 3.7%). Each of the other regions had less than 3.7 percent of the enumerated establishments. The region with the smallest number of establishments is Katavi (3,144; 1.4%) (Figure 3.2).

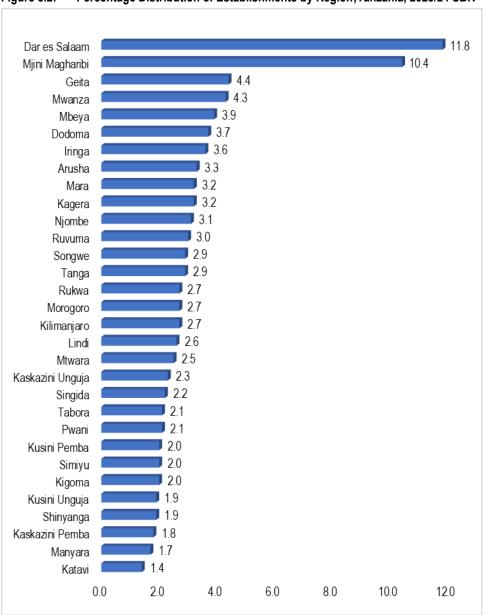


Figure 3.2: Percentage Distribution of Establishments by Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

## 3.2 Establishments by Economic Activities

The enumerated establishments in Tanzania were engaged in various economic activities; of which wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles have the largest number of establishments accounting for 55.1 percent of all establishments, followed by Accommodation and food services activities (9.3%), Manufacturing (8.0%), Other services activities (7.5%) and Education (5.9%). The smallest number of establishments are engage in activities of Water supply, sewerage waste management and remediation; Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply; and Real estate activities each with 0.1 percent of establishments.

For Tanzania Mainland, the leading economic activity is the Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles accounting for 53.8 percent of all establishments, followed by Accommodation and food services activities (10.0%), Other Service Activities (7.6%), Manufacturing (7.5%) and Education (6.3%). Activities of Construction, Water supply; sewerage waste management and remediation; Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply; and Real estate each has 0.1 percent of establishments.

For Zanzibar, the economic activities of Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles have the largest number of establishments accounting for 60.9 percent of all establishments, followed by Manufacturing (9.9%), Other Service Activities (6.9%), Accommodation and food services activities (6.0%) and Education (4.4%). Activities of Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply has 0.1 percent of establishments and Real estate has less than 0.1 percent (Table 3.1 and Figure 3.3).

Table 3.1 Number of Establishment by Economic Activity and Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Pagion	Total	Economic Activities										
Region	iolai	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	T	J	K
Dodoma	8,098	7	0	486	2	8	13	4,609	41	1,018	36	371
Arusha	7,189	49	6	255	6	8	15	2,899	21	936	52	263
Kilimanjaro	5,874	47	1	380	10	24	28	2,938	49	709	28	253
Tanga	6,386	20	7	827	13	11	10	1,423	35	810	20	285
Morogoro	5,833	12	2	536	9	10	5	2,432	27	900	22	214
Pwani	4,553	13	19	262	9	10	6	1,059	14	563	13	97
Dar es Salaam	25,935	18	25	1,395	14	13	66	15,360	498	2,171	77	733
Lindi	5,627	6	42	374	7	9	6	3,357	110	364	14	231
Mtwara	5,415	0	2	277	5	9	15	2,860	111	341	18	257
Ruvuma	6,612	2	5	493	8	29	12	4,438	31	453	22	492
Iringa	7,890	14	1	723	8	5	13	4,597	23	794	18	326
Mbeya	8,555	3	4	884	1	1	2	5,353	42	883	38	369
Singida	4,754	7	40	487	3	10	3	2,521	33	445	133	92
Tabora	4,621	0	4	108	9	0	6	762	10	526	8	213
Rukwa	5,867	0	1	764	4	2	8	3,722	15	411	16	262
Kigoma	4,413	57	3	327	3	7	2	2,122	24	458	17	206
Shinyanga	4,100	3	37	408	0	0	4	1,706	14	772	20	246
Kagera	6,948	13	1	365	0	0	4	3,903	13	551	29	280
Mwanza	9,524	15	7	830	10	5	6	5,591	35	926	40	584
Mara	6,931	6	11	430	2	11	12	4,087	27	1,010	12	392
Manyara	3,730	13	98	262	2	6	5	1,392	35	506	11	227
Njombe	6,833	5	0	554	5	4	4	4,939	22	398	23	371
Katavi	3,144	8	4	241	5	3	6	1,692	29	301	6	135
Simiyu	4,304	5	1	789	6	9	1	2,043	10	457	11	346
Geita	9,739	0	216	703	2	5	5	6,309	23	773	29	584
Songwe	6,321	1	262	340	2	0	4	4,238	95	454	12	302
Tanzania Mainland	179,196	324	799	13500	145	199	261	96,352	1387	17,930	725	8,131
Percent	100.0	0.2	0.4	7.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	53.8	0.8	10.0	0.4	4.5
Kaskazini Unguja	4,985	37	19	340	2	1	16	2,993	16	501	5	122
Kusini Unguja	4,242	46	48	365	1	1	5	2,435	3	577	5	115
Mjini Magharibi	22,711	99	23	2,308	22	5	111	13,869	141	1,177	159	630
Kaskazini Pemba	3,843	165	37	486	2	4	10	2,412	19	73	23	105
Kusini Pemba	4,394	135	15	464	3	51	18	2,746	35	78	53	74
Zanzibar	40,175	482	142	3,963	30	62	160	24,455	214	2,406	245	1,046
Percent	100.0	1.2	0.4	9.9	0.1	0.2	0.4	60.9	0.5	6.0	0.6	2.6
Tanzania	219,371	806	941	17463	175	261	421	120,807	1601	20,336	970	9,177
Percent	100.0	0.4	0.4	8.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	55.1	0.7	9.3	0.4	4.2

#### Note

- A: Agriculture forestry and fishing
- B: Mining and quarrying
- C: Manufacturing
- D: Electricity gas steam and air conditioning supply
- E: Water supply sewerage waste management and remediation activities
- F: Construction
- G: Whole sale and retail trade repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- H: Transportation and storage
- I: Accommodation and food services activities
- J: Information and communication
- K: Financial and insurance activities

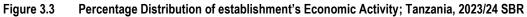
Table 3.1 (Cont..): Number of Establishment by Economic Activity and Region, Tanzania 2023/24 SBR

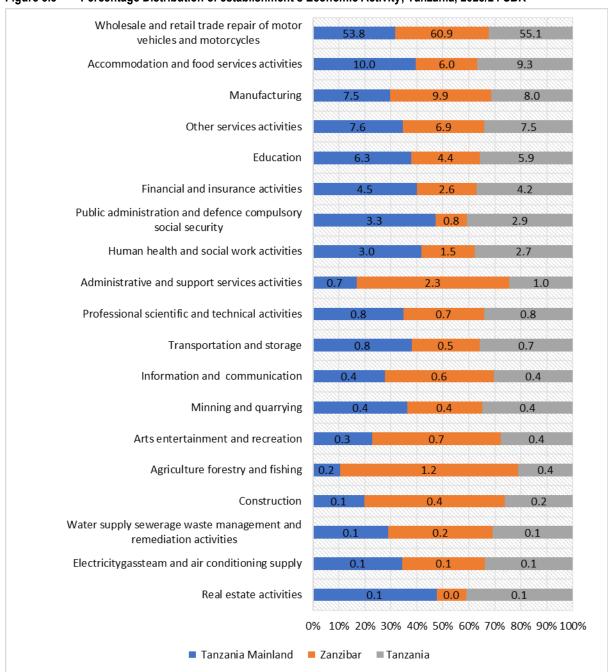
Danian	Tatal	Economic Activities									
Region	Total -	L	М	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U
Dodoma	8,098	24	80	42	246	232	106	30	746	0	1
Arusha	7,189	6	146	193	233	1,083	567	37	414	0	0
Kilimanjaro	5,874	7	53	81	95	386	243	13	529	0	0
Tanga	6,386	8	49	24	82	1,502	486	9	765	0	0
Morogoro	5,833	2	50	37	359	551	235	10	419	0	1
Pwani	4,553	2	13	12	505	735	288	3	930	0	0
Dar es Salaam	25,935	79	441	319	456	1,646	872	188	1,553	3	8
Lindi	5,627	0	6	4	180	330	154	4	429	0	0
Mtwara	5,415	1	13	10	441	438	175	5	437	0	0
Ruvuma	6,612	0	32	14	163	102	93	16	207	0	0
Iringa	7,890	3	44	18	92	320	130	35	725	0	1
Mbeya	8,555	1	28	37	36	218	138	20	493	3	1
Singida	4,754	1	22	31	140	240	103	11	431	0	1
Tabora	4,621	0	23	10	992	1,170	426	16	338	0	0
Rukwa	5,867	1	28	23	68	79	36	15	412	0	0
Kigoma	4,413	0	31	92	263	227	111	12	449	1	1
Shinyanga	4,100	0	21	16	127	211	141	17	357	0	0
Kagera	6,948	4	60	20	437	240	85	14	929	0	0
Mwanza	9,524	3	66	73	145	319	272	44	553	0	0
Mara	6,931	0	51	16	180	243	131	23	287	0	0
Manyara	3,730	1	13	7	152	140	85	7	768	0	0
Njombe	6,833	0	26	8	84	71	67	13	239	0	0
Katavi	3,144	0	12	11	133	256	112	9	181	0	0
Simiyu	4,304	0	5	4	89	116	106	12	294	0	0
Geita	9,739	5	59	73	167	126	54	30	576	0	0
Songwe	6,321	1	27	12	85	231	93	16	146	0	0
Tanzania Mainland	179,196	149	1,399	1,187	5,950	11,212	5,309	609	13,607	7	14
Percent	100.0	0.1	0.8	0.7	3.3	6.3	3.0	0.3	7.6	0.0	0.0
Kaskazini Unguja	4,985	0	15	143	12	182	74	238	269	0	0
Kusini Unguja	4,242	1	26	97	15	198	57	12	235	0	0
Mjini Magharibi	22,711	5	212	580	112	945	246	35	2,031	0	1
Kaskazini Pemba	3,843	1	9	42	91	195	96	8	65	0	0
Kusini Pemba	4,394	1	15	67	110	230	115	5	179	0	0
Zanzibar	40,175	8	277	929	340	1,750	588	298	2,779	0	1
Percent	100.0	0.0	0.7	2.3	0.8	4.4	1.5	0.7	6.9	0.0	0.0
Tanzania	219,371	157	1,676	2,116	6,290	12,962	5,897	907	16,386	7	15
Percent	100.0	0.1	0.8	1.0	2.9	5.9	2.7	0.4	7.5	0.0	0.0

#### Note

- L: Real estate activities
- M: Professional scientific and technical activities
- N: Administrative and support services activities
- O: Public administration and defense compulsory social security
- P: Education

- Q: Human health and social work activities
- R: Arts entertainment and recreation
- S: Other services activities
- T: Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services -producing activities of household for own use
- U: Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies.





## 3.3 Establishments by Main Sectors

Main sectors are categorized into three groups, namely Agriculture, Industrial and Services. Agriculture sector includes agriculture, forestry and fishing while industrial sector includes Mining and quarrying; Manufacturing; Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply; Water supply sewerage waste management and remediation activities; and Construction. The service sector includes wholesale and retail trade; Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; Transportation and storage; Accommodation and food services activities; Information and communication; Financial and insurance activities; Real estate activities; Professional scientific and technical activities; Administrative and support services activities; Public administration and defense compulsory social security; Education, Human health and social work activities; Arts entertainment and recreation; Other services activities; Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services -producing activities of household for own use; and Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies.

Census results indicates that, the Service sector has the largest percentage of establishments; 90.8 percent for Tanzania, 91.5 percent for Tanzania Mainland and 88.0 percent for Zanzibar. This is followed by the Industrial and agriculture sectors (Table 3.2).

Table 3.2 Number of Establishments by Region and Main Sectors; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Pagion	Total —		Main Sectors	
Region	ı otai —	Agriculture	Industrial	Services
Dodoma	8,098	7	509	7,582
Arusha	7,189	49	290	6,850
Kilimanjaro	5,874	47	443	5,384
Tanga	6,386	20	868	5,498
Morogoro	5,833	12	562	5,259
Pwani	4,553	13	306	4,234
Dar es Salaam	25,935	18	1,513	24,404
Lindi	5,627	6	438	5,183
Mtwara	5,415	0	308	5,107
Ruvuma	6,612	2	547	6,063
Iringa	7,890	14	750	7,126
Mbeya	8,555	3	892	7,660
Singida	4,754	7	543	4,204
Tabora	4,621	0	127	4,494
Rukwa	5,867	0	779	5,088
Kigoma	4,413	57	342	4,014
Shinyanga	4,100	3	449	3,648
Kagera	6,948	13	370	6,565
Mwanza	9,524	15	858	8,651
Mara	6,931	6	466	6,459
Manyara	3,730	13	373	3,344
Njombe	6,833	5	567	6,261
Katavi	3,144	8	259	2,877
Simiyu	4,304	5	806	3,493
Geita	9,739	0	931	8,808
Songwe	6,321	1	608	5,712
Tanzania Mainland	179,196	324	14,904	163968
Percent	100.0	0.2	8.3	91.5
Kaskazini Unguja	4,985	37	378	4,570
Kusini Unguja	4,242	46	420	3,776
Mjini Magharibi	22,711	99	2,469	20,143
Kaskazini Pemba	3,843	165	539	3,139
Kusini Pemba	4,394	135	551	3,708
Zanzibar	40,175	482	4,357	35,336
Percent	100.0	1.2	10.8	88.0
Tanzania	219,371	806	19,261	199,304
Percent	100.0	0.4	8.8	90.8

## 3.4 Establishments by Type of Ownership

Ownership of establishments is one of the key indicators of new economic policy, where the private sector has a significant impact on the economic growth of the country. The type of ownership considered in the 2023/24 SBR Census constitutes private profit making institutions, private non-profit institutions, government institutions, joint venture, cooperatives and parastatals.

Table 3.3 shows that, most of the establishments in Tanzania (84.3%) are owned by Private Profit-Making Institutions, followed by 7.6 percent owned by Government Institutions and 3.9 percent owned by Private Non-Profit Making Institutions. Very few establishments are owned by Parastatals (1.8%), Cooperatives (1.5%) and Joint Venture (0.9%).

In Tanzania Mainland, majority of establishments (82.8%) are owned by Private Profit Making Institutions, followed by 8.4 percent owned by Government Institutions and 4.7 percent owned Private Non-Profit Making Institution. Very few establishments are owned by Parastatals (1.7%), Cooperatives (1.5%) and Joint Venture (0.9%). A similar distribution is observed in Zanzibar; Private Profit Making Institutions (90.7%), followed by Government Institutions (4.1%), Parastatals (2.3%), Cooperatives (1.8%), Joint Venture (0.8%) and Private Non-Profit Making Institution (0.4%) respectively.

Table 3.3 Number of Establishment by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Type of Ownership	Tanzania	Percent	Tanzania Mainland	Percent	Zanzibar	Percent
Private Profit-Making Institutions	184,886	84.3	148,461	82.8	36,425	90.7
Private Non-Profit Making Institutions	8,515	3.9	8,370	4.7	145	0.4
Cooperatives	3,285	1.5	2,564	1.4	721	1.8
Joint Venture	2,012	0.9	1,679	0.9	333	0.8
Government Institutions	16,756	7.6	15,118	8.4	1,638	4.1
Parastatals	3,917	1.8	3,004	1.7	913	2.3
Total	219,371	100.0	179,196	100.0	40,175	100.0

Amongst establishments owned by private profit-making institutions, 64.1 percent are engaged in Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles, followed by 10.8 percent of establishments engaged in Accommodation and food services and 9.1 percent of establishments engaged in Manufacturing.

With respect to establishments owned by Government institutions, education has the highest percentage (44.0%), followed by establishments engaged in public administration and defence compulsory social security (34.2%) and human health and social work activities (12.7%) (Table 3.4).

Table 3.4 Percentage of Establishments by Type of Ownership and Economic Activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

	Type of Ownership									
Activity	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government Institution	Parastatal				
Agriculture forestry and fishing	0.2	0.2	9.3	1.1	0.3	0.8				
Mining and quarrying	0.5	0.1	1.5	1.1	0.1	0.2				
Manufacturing	9.1	0.3	12.2	8.7	0.2	1.8				
Electricity gas, steam and air conditioning supply Water supply sewerage waste management and remediation	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	1.1				
activities	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	1.0	0.9				
Construction	0.2	0.0	0.5	1.2	0.2	0.8				
Whole sale and retail trade repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	64.1	1.6	24.9	34.7	1.3	8.1				
Transportation and storage	0.6	0.2	7.8	3.0	0.7	3.2				
Accommodation and food services activities	10.8	0.2	2.8	8.5	0.2	3.9				
Information and communication	0.4	0.3	1.1	3.5	0.4	1.4				
Financial and insurance activities	4.3	0.3	12.1	19.1	0.9	4.7				
Real estate activities	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.1				
Professional scientific and technical activities	0.6	1.0	2.3	4.0	1.2	1.4				
Administrative and support services activities Public administration and defence	0.9	0.7	2.0	4.1	0.5	2.3				
compulsory social security	0.1	2.4	0.7	0.2	34.2	5.2				
Education	2.3	7.8	7.5	3.0	44.0	10.4				
Human health and social work activities	1.7	3.5	3.8	2.8	12.7	3.4				
Arts entertainment and recreation	0.4	0.1	1.2	1.2	0.2	0.8				
Other services activities	3.7	81.2	9.7	2.5	1.5	49.4				
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services -producing activities of household for own use	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0				
Activities of extraterritorial										
organizations and bodies.	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2				
Total	84.3	3.9	1.5	0.9	7.6	1.8				

## 3.5 The Year an Establishment Started Operation

Table 3.5 shows that 52.0 percent of listed establishments in Tanzania, started operating in the period of 2020 - 2023. The results further show that the number of establishments increased over time from 2005 to 2023. A similar pattern is observed for both Tanzania Mainland and Zanzibar.

Table 3.5 Number and Percentage of Establishments by Year of Commencement of Operation; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Year	Tanzania Mainland	Percent	Zanzibar	Percent	Tanzania	Percent
2020 – 2023	89,742	50.1	24,319	60.5	114,061	52.0
2015 – 2019	39,473	22.0	8,343	20.8	47,816	21.8
2010 – 2014	16,670	9.3	3,035	7.6	19,705	9.0
2005 - 2009	9,747	5.4	1,353	3.4	11,100	5.1
Before 2005	23,564	13.1	3,125	7.8	26,689	12.2
Total	179,196	100.0	40,175	100.0	219,371	100.0

## 3.6 Establishments by Size Group

According to the 2023/24 SBR, size group is defined as the number of persons engaged, including owners who are actively working in a particular establishment. Traditionally, establishments are divided into seven size groups with the following number of persons engaged: 1 to 4; 5 to 9; 10 to 19; 20 to 49; 50 to 99; 100 to 499; and 500 and above.

Table 3.6 shows that most of establishments engaged in economic activity employ 1 - 4 persons (171,382 establishment; 78.1 %), followed by those engaging 5 - 9 persons (26,751; 12.2 %), those engaging 10 - 19 persons (12,330; 5.6%), and those engaging 20 - 49 persons (6,412; 2.9%). Establishments engaging 50 - 99; 100 - 499 and 500 and above persons were less than one percent each. Out of establishments engaging 1 to 4 persons the majority are involved in Whole sale and retail, trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles (111,212 establishments; 64.9%); Accommodation and food services activities (14,141; 8.3%), and Manufacturing (13,059, 7.6%).

Table 3.6 Number of Establishments by Economic Activity and Size Group; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Face And Ma	No. of	Size Group						
Economic Activity	Establishment	01-04	05-09	10-19	20-49	50-99	100-499	500+
Agriculture forestry and fishing	806	195	156	207	141	43	58	6
Mining and quarrying	941	323	271	189	109	26	21	2
Manufacturing	17,463	13,059	2,830	882	383	131	141	37
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	175	60	24	33	32	12	12	2
Water supply sewerage waste management and remediation activities	261	99	42	56	40	10	14	0
Construction	421	185	94	59	48	18	16	1
Whole sale and retail trade repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	120,807	111,212	7,101	1,821	511	97	60	5
Transportation and storage	1,601	657	473	226	167	45	30	3
Accommodation and food services activities	20,336	14,141	4,060	1,452	518	111	52	2
Information and communication	970	674	148	85	47	7	8	1
Financial and insurance activities	9,177	7,860	751	400	120	19	23	4
Real estate activities	157	79	51	19	5	2	1	0
Professional scientific and technical activities	1,676	1,053	354	141	78	29	20	1
Administrative and support services activities	2,116	1,370	305	181	155	55	46	4
Public administration and defence compulsory social security	6,290	2,944	1,805	822	389	124	148	58
Education	12,962	1,884	3,793	3,792	2,900	487	94	12
Human health and social work activities	5,897	2,935	1,391	810	455	151	145	10
Arts entertainment and recreation	907	683	148	47	18	5	6	0
Other services activities	16,386	11,962	2,947	1,103	294	48	27	5
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services - producing activities of household for own use	7	5	1	1	0	0	0	0
Activities of extra-territorial organizations and bodies.	15	2	6	4	2	0	1	0
Total	219,371	171,382	26,751	12,330	6,412	1,420	923	153
Percent	100	78.1	12.2	5.6	2.9	0.6	0.4	0.1

## 3.7 Establishments by Structure

The SBR census collected information on types of establishment structure in which a particular belongs to, whether is a stand alone, headquarter or a branch.

Table 3.7 shows that, 91.8 percent of establishments in Tanzania are in the category of stand-alone establishments/enterprise or organization without branches. A similar pattern observed in Tanzania Mainland (91.3%) and Zanzibar (94.2%). The headquarters structure with more than one branch had the smallest number of establishment accounting for 3.1 percent of all establishment in Tanzania; 3.4 percent of those in Tanzania Mainland and 1.8 percent of those in Zanzibar.

Table 3.7 Number and Percent Distribution of Establishments by Structure; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Establishment Structure	Numbe	er of Establisl	nments	Percent			
Establishment Structure	Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	
A stand-alone Establishment /Enterprise or Organization without branches.	163,558	37,834	201,394	91.3	94.2	91.8	
The HQ of Establishment with more than one branch.	6,132	711	6,843	3.4	1.8	3.1	
A Branch of an Establishment of a large Organization.	9,506	1,590	11,096	5.3	4.0	5.1	
Total	179,196	40,175	219,371	100.0	100.0	100.0	

## 3.8 Establishments by Registration Status

Establishment registration is the process of officially establishing any establishment as a legal entity, recognized by the Government and entitled to certain rights and privileges. It is a vital step that helps to protect establishment and its assets.

Figure 3.4 presents registration status of establishments in Tanzania. Findings show that, there was a significant number of establishments registered by the Government Authority in 2023. Out of the 219,371 listed establishments, 78.1 percent are registered, 16.0 percent are not registered and 5.9 percent are Government offices therefore do not need registration.

90.0 78.1 80.0 70.0 60.0 50.0 40.0 30.0 16.0 20.0 5.9 10.0 0.0 Registered Not Registered Not Applicable Registration Status

Figure 3.4 Percentage Distribution of Establishments by Registration Status; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

In regard to Tanzania Mainland out of the 179,196 enumerated establishments, 77.5 percent are registered, 16.0 percent are not registered and 6.5 percent are Government establishments, whereas in Zanzibar the results show that out of the 40,175 surveyed establishments, 80.9 percent are registered, 15.7 percent are not registered and 3.4 percent are Government establishments (Table 3.8).

Table 3.8 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments by Registration Status and Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

		Number			Percentage			
Region	Total	Registered	Not Registered	Not Applicable	Registered	Not Registered	Not Applicable	
Dodoma	8,098	6,648	1,178	272	82.1	14.5	3.4	
Arusha	7,189	6,443	562	184	89.6	7.8	2.6	
Kilimanjaro	5,874	5,479	202	193	93.3	3.4	3.3	
Tanga	6,386	4,718	556	1,112	73.9	8.7	17.4	
Morogoro	5,833	4,946	800	87	84.8	13.7	1.5	
Pwani	4,553	2,996	651	906	65.8	14.3	19.9	
Dar es Salaam	25,935	22,834	2,491	610	88.0	9.6	2.4	
Lindi	5,627	4,514	696	417	80.2	12.4	7.4	
Mtwara	5,415	4,422	300	693	81.7	5.5	12.8	
Ruvuma	6,612	5,913	609	90	89.4	9.2	1.4	
Iringa	7,890	4,002	3,528	360	50.7	44.7	4.6	
Mbeya	8,555	5,593	2,822	140	65.4	33.0	1.6	
Singida	4,754	4,158	217	379	87.5	4.6	8.0	
Tabora	4,621	2,041	124	2,456	44.2	2.7	53.1	
Rukwa	5,867	3,585	2,181	101	61.1	37.2	1.7	
Kigoma	4,413	3,349	406	658	75.9	9.2	14.9	
Shinyanga	4,100	3,237	531	332	79.0	13.0	8.1	
Kagera	6,948	4,463	1,841	644	64.2	26.5	9.3	
Mwanza	9,524	8,075	1,076	373	84.8	11.3	3.9	
Mara	6,931	6,332	271	328	91.4	3.9	4.7	
Manyara	3,730	3,145	401	184	84.3	10.8	4.9	
Njombe	6,833	5,003	1,672	158	73.2	24.5	2.3	
Katavi	3,144	1,997	697	450	63.5	22.2	14.3	
Simiyu	4,304	3,549	556	199	82.5	12.9	4.6	
Geita	9,739	5,941	3,663	135	61.0	37.6	1.4	
Songwe	6,321	5,515	692	114	87.2	10.9	1.8	
Tanzania Mainland	179,196	138,898	28,723	11,575	77.5	16.0	6.5	
Kaskazini Unguja	4,985	3,813	963	209	76.5	19.3	4.2	
Kusini Unguja	4,242	3,605	482	155	85.0	11.4	3.7	
Mjini Magharibi	22,711	18,897	3,443	371	83.2	15.2	1.6	
Kaskazini Pemba	3,843	2,785	803	255	72.5	20.9	6.6	
Kusini Pemba	4,394	3,416	622	356	77.7	14.2	8.1	
Zanzibar	40,175	32,516	6,313	1,346	80.9	15.7	3.4	
Tanzania	219,371	171,414	35,036	12,921	78.1	16.0	5.9	

**Not Applicable code** was used for establishments that were Government Offices or Parastatals

## 3.9 Establishments by Employment Status

Table 3.9 presents the distribution of number of persons engaged in the establishments by region and sex in Tanzania. Results revealed that a total of 1,340,946 persons were engaged in the 219,371 establishments of which males were 778,972 (58.1%) and females were 561,974 (41.9%).

In Tanzania Mainland, a total of 1,166,788 persons (673,089 males, 57.7%) and (493,699 females, 42.3%) were engaged in 179,196 establishments. Likewise in Zanzibar, a total of 174,158 persons (105,883 males, 60.8%) and (68,275 females, 39.2%) were engaged in 40,175 establishments.

Across regions, Dar es Salaam Region has the largest percentage (15.2%) persons engaged followed by Mjini Magharibi (6.8%), Arusha (6.3%) and Morogoro (5.4%). Njombe Region has the largest percentage of females engaged (50.8%) followed by Iringa (45.5%) and Kilimanjaro (46.7%).

Table 3.9 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged in the Establishments by Sex and Region; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

	Number of	of Persons Eng	aged	Percen	Percent)		
Region	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total (URT)	
Dodoma	38,280	28,672	66,952	57.2	42.8	5.0	
Arusha	46,884	37,748	84,632	55.4	44.6	6.3	
ilimanjaro	35,076	30,778	65,854	53.3	46.7	4.9	
Tanga	36,715	24,874	61,589	59.6	40.4	4.0	
Morogoro	41,357	28,971	70,328	58.8	41.2	5.2	
Pwani	29,689	23,166	52,855	56.2	43.8	3.9	
Dar es Salaam	115,239	89,073	204,312	56.4	43.6	15.2	
Lindi	17,254	9,409	26,663	64.7	35.3	2.0	
Mtwara	22,855	12,621	35,476	64.4	35.6	2.7	
Ruvuma	13,943	9,384	23,327	59.8	40.2	1.7	
Iringa	22,476	18,763	41,239	54.5	45.5	3.	
Mbeya	20,233	15,679	35,912	56.3	43.7	2.7	
Singida	20,481	12,486	32,967	62.1	37.9	2.5	
Tabora	22,880	15,146	38,026	60.2	39.8	2.8	
Rukwa	10,410	6,608	17,018	61.2	38.8	1.3	
Kigoma	13,327	7,957	21,284	62.6	37.4	1.6	
Shinyanga	13,551	10,444	23,995	56.5	43.5	1.8	
Kagera	21,500	17,019	38,519	55.8	44.2	2.9	
Mwanza	35,900	25,897	61,797	58.1	41.9	4.6	
Mara	15,403	12,189	27,592	55.8	44.2	2.′	
Manyara	20,888	12,234	33,122	63.1	36.9	2.5	
Njombe	7,949	8,208	16,157	49.2	50.8	1.2	
Katavi	10,443	6,102	16,545	63.1	36.9	1.2	
Simiyu	8,954	6,618	15,572	57.5	42.5	1.2	
Geita	18,379	13,736	32,115	57.2	42.8	2.4	
Songwe	13,023	9,917	22,940	56.8	43.2	1.7	
Tanzania Mainland	673,089	493,699	1,166,788	57.7	42.3	87.0	
Kaskazini Unguja	14,441	9,308	23,749	60.8	39.2	1.8	
Kusini Unguja	13,298	10,145	23,443	56.7	43.3	1.8	
Mjini Magharibi	56,243	34,772	91,015	61.8	38.2	6.8	
Kaskazini Pemba	10,094	6,913	17,007	59.4	40.7	1.3	
Kusini Pemba	11,807	7,137	18,944	62.3	37.7	1.4	
Zanzibar	105,883	68,275	174,158	60.8	39.2	13.0	
Tanzania	778,972	561,974	1,340,946	58.1	41.9	100.0	

## 3.10 Employed Person by Sex and Economic Activity

Table 3.10 and Figure 3.5 reveal that, the proportion of male employees is generally higher in most economic activities with the exception of Accommodation and food services (males 42.9% and females 57.1%) and Human health and social work activities (males 44.9% and females 55.1%) and Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services producing activities of household for own use (males 42.3% and females 57.7%).

Table 3.10 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons engaged (Employed) by Sex and Economic Activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

	Employees (Person Engaged)						
Economic Activity		Number			Percent		
_	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
Agriculture forestry and fishing	16,510	13,205	29,715	55.6	44.4	100.0	
Mining and quarrying	13,290	1,864	15,154	87.7	12.3	100.0	
Manufacturing	113,062	48,295	161,357	70.1	29.9	100.0	
Electricity gas steam and air conditioning supply	5,715	1,253	6,968	82.0	18.0	100.0	
Water supply sewerage waste management and remediation activities	4,462	1,791	6,253	71.4	28.6	100.0	
Construction	6,774	1,472	8,246	82.1	17.9	100.0	
Whole sale and retail trade repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	191,179	116,556	307,735	62.1	37.9	100.0	
Transportation and storage	20,393	4,869	25,262	80.7	19.3	100.0	
Accommodation and food services activities	48,410	64,411	112,821	42.9	57.1	100.0	
Information and communication	4,756	2,682	7,438	63.9	36.1	100.0	
Financial and insurance activities	20,713	16,527	37,240	55.6	44.4	100.0	
Real estate activities	717	489	1,206	59.5	40.5	100.0	
Professional scientific and technical activities	10,026	5,524	15,550	64.5	35.5	100.0	
Administrative and support services activities	20,037	9,488	29,525	67.9	32.1	100.0	
Public administration and defence compulsory social security	95,134	74,837	169,971	56.0	44.0	100.0	
Education	113,499	115,763	229,262	49.5	50.5	100.0	
Human health and social work activities	41,931	51,420	93,351	44.9	55.1	100.0	
Arts entertainment and recreation	2,700	1,994	4,694	57.5	42.5	100.0	
Other services activities	49,465	29,376	78,841	62.7	37.3	100.0	
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods and services -producing activities of household for own use	11	15	26	42.3	57.7	100.0	
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies.	188	143	331	56.8	43.2	100.0	
Total	778,972	561,974	1,340,946	58.1	41.9	100.0	

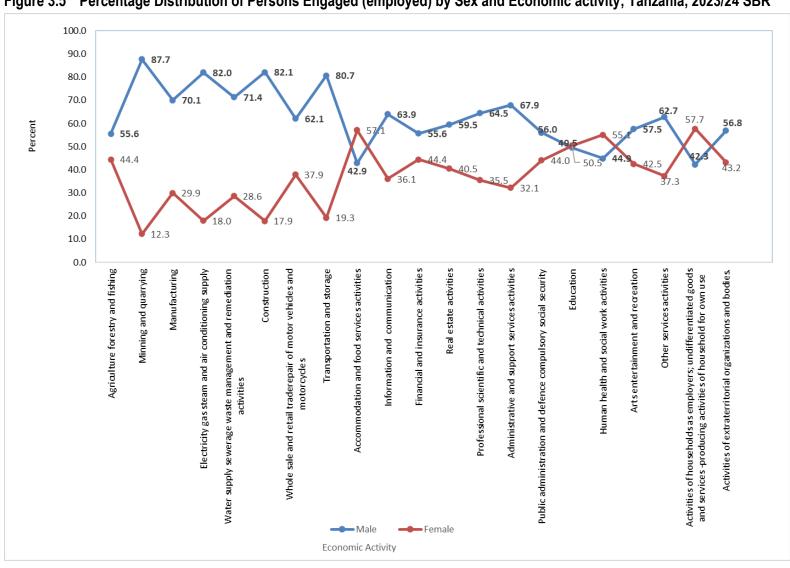


Figure 3.5 Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (employed) by Sex and Economic activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

## **CHAPTER FOUR**

#### FINDINGS ON SPECIFIC ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

#### 4.0 Introduction

This chapter presents the results about different sectors according to the fourth version of the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC Rev. 4) of all economic activities. It further provides summary on number of establishments, employment, and ownership of each sector. More details are found in the Annex 1 (Tables 5AJ and 5AK).

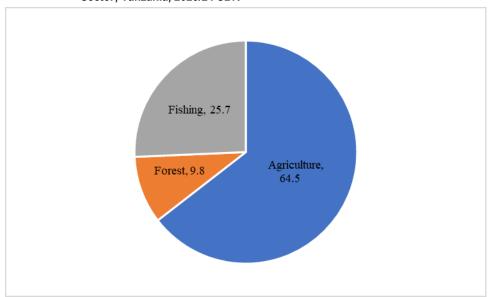
## 4.1 Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector

The Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing sector includes three economic activities which are agriculture, forest, and fishing.



This sector was reported to have a total of 806 establishments in Tanzania. The agriculture economic activity has the largest number of establishments (520 establishments; 64.5%) followed by fishing (207; 25.7%) and forest (79; 9.8%) (Figure 4.1).

Figure 4.1 Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR



## 4.1.1 Ownership in the Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Sector

The 2023/24 SBR Census results revealed that 369 establishments are owned by Private Profit Institutions followed by 305 establishments owned by Cooperatives. The smallest number of establishments (19) are owned by Private Non-profit-making Institutions (Table 4.1).

Table 4.1 Distribution of Establishments engaged in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Agriculture	269	11	179	16	23	22	520
Forest	24	8	9	2	30	6	79
Fishing	76	0	117	5	5	4	207
Total	369	19	305	23	58	32	806
Percent	45.8	2.4	37.8	2.9	7.2	4.0	100.0

## 4.1.2 Employment in the Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Sector

Table 4.2 show that 29,715 persons were employed in agriculture, forest, and fishing sector, whereby male engagement is higher (55.6%) compared to female engagement (44.4%).

Table 4.2 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Male	Female	Total
Agriculture	12,844	11,342	24,186
Forest	1,787	857	2,644
Fishing	1,879	1,006	2,885
Total	16,510	13,205	29,715
Percent	55.6	44.4	100.0

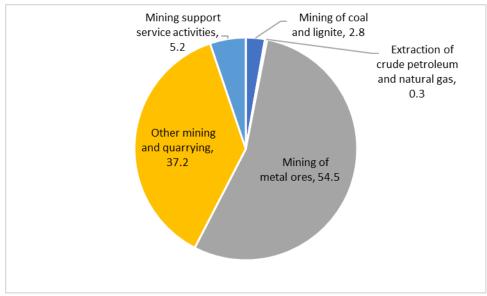
## 4.2 Mining and Quarrying Sector

The Mining and Quarrying sector includes all activities done whether underground or on the surface, at or near the mining site such as mining of coal lignite; extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas; mining and metal ores; other mining and quarrying and services which support mining activities.



Results show that the sector has a total of 941 establishments with mining of metal ores activities having the largest number of establishments (513 establishments; 54.5%), followed by other mining and quarrying (350 establishments; 37.2%). On the other hand, extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas activities had smallest number of establishments accounting for less than one percent of the total (Figure 4.2).

Figure 4.2 Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Mining and Quarrying Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR



## 4.2.1 Ownership in Mining and Quarrying Sector

Table 4.3 reveals that out of 941 establishments engaged in mining and quarrying, a large number of establishments (846) are owned by Private Profit-Making Institutions, followed by 48 establishments owned by Cooperatives. The smallest number of establishments is ownerd by Private Non-Profit-Making Institutions and Parastatals are 5 and 6 establishments respectively.

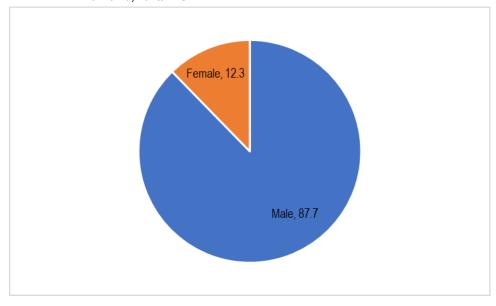
Table 4.3 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Mining and Quarrying Sector by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Mining of coal and lignite	21	1	0	3	1	0	26
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	1	0	1	0	1	0	3
Mining of metal ores	497	1	9	5	1	0	513
Other mining and quarrying	298	1	32	10	3	6	350
Mining support service activities	29	2	6	5	7	0	49
Total	846	5	48	23	13	6	941
Percent	89.9	0.5	5.1	2.4	1.4	0.6	100.0

## 4.2.2 Employment in Mining and Quarrying Sector

Gender involvement in the mining and quarrying economic activity indicates that 87.7 percent were males employees compared to 12.3 percent who were females employees (Figure 4.3).

Figure 4.3 Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Mining and Quarrying Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR



## 4.3 Manufacturing Sector

The manufacturing sector includes physical or chemical transformation of materials, substances or components into new products; although this cannot be used as the single universal criterion for defining manufacturing. The materials, substances, or components transformed include raw materials that are products of agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining or quarrying as well as products of other manufacturing activities. The main categories include; food, dairy products, grain mills, beverages, tobacco products, textiles, wood and paper products, chemicals, metals, non-metals, cement, machinery, and other food products.





The Table 4.4 reveals that 17,463 establishments in Tanzania are engaged in manufacturing activities. Among all manufacturing sub-sectors, manufacturing of food products has the largest number of establishments (6,702 establishments; 38.4%), followed by manufacturing of wearing apparel (2,323 establishments; 13.3%); the manufacturing of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment (2,065 establishments; 11.8%) and the manufacturing of furniture (1,728 establishments; 19.9%).

Table 4.4 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Manufacturing Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub-sectors	Number	Percent
Manufacture of food products	6,702	38.4
Manufacture of beverages	100	0.6
Manufacture of tobacco products	5	0.0
Manufacture of textiles	909	5.2
Manufacture of wearing apparel	2,324	13.3
Manufacture of leather and related products	126	0.7
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture	988	5.7
Manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	25	0.1
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	237	1.4
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	11	0.1
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	126	0.7
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemical and botanical products	7	0.0
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	149	0.9
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	924	5.3
Manufacture of basic metals	137	0.8
Manufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment	2,065	11.8
Manufacture of computer electronic and optical products	162	0.9
Manufacture of electrical equipment	92	0.5
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	75	0.4
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	100	0.6
Manufacture of other transport equipment	44	0.3
Manufacture of furniture	1,728	9.9
Other manufacturing	133	0.8
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	294	1.7
Total	17,463	100.0

Note: n.e.c. means not else where classified

## 4.3.1 Ownership in Manufacturing Sector

Table 4.5 shows that, out of 17,463 establishments that are engaged in the manufacturing, 16,748 establishments (95.9%) are owned by Private Profit-Making Institutions, followed by 401 establishments owned by Cooperatives and 185 establishments are owned by Joint Ventures. However, Parastatals and Private Non-Profit Making Institutions owned the least number of establishments (72 and 26 establishments respectively).

Table 4.5 Number of Establishments in the Manufacturing Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Manufacture of food products	6531	10	87	45	17	12	6.702
Manufacture of beverages	90	0	5	3	0	2	100
Manufacture of tobacco products	3	0	1	1	0	0	5
Manufacture of textiles	857	1	37	4	2	8	909
Manufacture of wearing apparel	2,257	3	34	27	1	2	2.324
Manufacture of leather and related products	121	0	2	3	0	0	126
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	936	1	31	5	3	12	988
Manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	20	0	2	1	1	1	25
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	224	2	3	5	1	2	237
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	10	0	1	0	0	0	11
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	105	0	13	6	2	0	126
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemical and botanical products	6	0	1	0	0	0	7
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	133	0	9	6	0	1	149
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	879	1	19	13	4	8	924
Manufacture of basic metals	128	0	5	2	1	1	137
Manufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment	1,984	5	48	24	3	1	2,065
Manufacture of computer electronic and optical products	155	0	4	1	0	2	162
Manufacture of electrical equipment	85	0	2	1	1	3	92
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	70	1	1	0	1	2	75
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	91	0	4	3	1	1	100
Manufacture of other transport equipment	43	0	1	0	0	0	44
Manufacture of furniture	1,612	2	86	17	2	9	1,728
Other manufacturing	123	0	2	5	1	2	133
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	285	0	3	3	0	3	294
Total	16,748	26	401	175	41	72	17,463
Percent	95.9	0.1	2.3	1	0.2	0.4	100

Note: n.e.c. means not else where classified

## 4.3.2 Employment in the Manufacturing Sector

The manufacturing sector has employed 161,370 persons, 70.1 percent (113,078 employees) of them are males and 29.9 percent (48,292 employees) are females. All sub-sectors in the manufacturing were dominated by male employees except the manufacturing of wearing apparel and the manufacturing of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemicals and botanical products which are dominated by female employees.

Activities with the highest proportion of employees are Manufacture of food products (51,726 persons; 32.1%), followed by Manufacture of tobacco products (9,678 persons; 18.7%) and Manufacture of wearing apparel (12,010 persons; 12.7%). Activities with the lowest proportion of employees are Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products as well as the Manufacture of other transport equipment, both accounting for 0.2 percent each of the total persons engaged (Table 4.6).

Table 4.6 Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Manufacturing Sector by Activity and Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Activity	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Manufacture of food products	37,633	14,092	51,725	32.1
Manufacture of beverages	7,073	2,882	9,955	6.2
Manufacture of tobacco products	5,587	4,091	9,678	6.0
Manufacture of textiles	3,447	2,357	5,804	3.6
Manufacture of wearing apparel	8,491	12,013	20,504	12.7
Manufacture of leather and related products	862	548	1,410	0.9
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture; manufacture	5,791	1,200	6,991	4.3
Manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	695	360	1,055	0.7
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	893	440	1,333	0.8
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	183	149	332	0.2
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	3,907	2,608	6,515	4.0
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemical and botanical products	219	242	461	0.3
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	3,671	2,310	5,981	3.7
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	11,294	1,634	12,928	8.0
Manufacture of basic metals	1,790	752	2,542	1.6
Manufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment	8,614	605	9,219	5.7
Manufacture of computer electronic and optical products	606	162	768	0.5
Manufacture of electrical equipment	879	396	1,275	0.8
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	527	127	654	0.4
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	845	67	912	0.6
Manufacture of other transport equipment	265	39	304	0.2
Manufacture of furniture	7,630	577	8,207	5.1
Other manufacturing	888	526	1,414	0.9
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	1,272	118	1,390	0.9
Total	113,062	48,295	161,357	100.0
Percent	70.1	29.9	100.0	

Note: n.e.c. means not elsewhere classified

## 4.4 Energy Sector

The energy sector includes electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply. The findings reveal that the sector has a total of 175 establishments operating in Tanzania; 147 establishments are engaged in Electric power generation transmission and distribution activities, 14 establishments in Manufacturing of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains and 14 establishments in Steam and air conditioning supply activities. With respect to Tanzania Mainland, 124 establishments are engaged in electric power generation transmission and distribution whereas in Zanzibar; it is only 23 establishments, (Table 4.7).

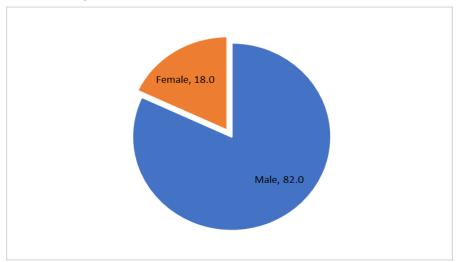
Table 4.7 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Energy Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

		Tanzania -		Percent			
Sub Sector Tar	Tanzania	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Total	
Electric power generation transmission and distribution	147	124	23	84. 4	15.6	100.0	
Manufacture of gas; distribution of gaseous fuels through mains	14	12	2	85.7	14.3	100.0	
Steam and air conditioning supply	14	9	5	64.3	35.7	100.0	
Total	175	145	30	82.9	17.1	100.0	

## 4.4.1 Employment in Energy Sector

A total of 7,183 persons are engaged in 175 establishments in the energy sector. Out of the total persons engaged, 82.0 percent are males and 18.0 percent are females (Figure 4.4).

Figure 4.4 Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in Energy Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR



## 4.5 Water Supply, Sewerage and Waste Management Sector

This sector deals with water collection, treatment and supply, sewerage, waste collection, treatment and disposal activities. Results show that 90.4 percent of establishments in the sector deals with activities of water collection, treatment and supply; 5.7 percent deals with waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; 3.1 percent deals with remediation activities and other waste management services; and 0.8 percent deals with sewerage activities (Table 4.8).

Table 4.8 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Water Supply, Sewerage and Waste Management Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Tanzania	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Percent Total
Water collection treatment and supply	236	178	58	90.4
Sewerage	2	2	0	0.8
Waste collection treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	15	12	3	5.7
Remediation activities and other waste management services	8	7	1	3.1
Total	261	199	62	100.0
Percent	100.0	76.2	23.8	

## 4.5.1 Employment in Water Supply, Sewerage and Waste Management Sector

The distribution of employment in each of the sub sector shows that 92.5 percent of the persons were engaged in the water collection treatment and supply sub sector, followed by 4.1 percent of the persons engaged in waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery. The proportions of males were 71.4 percent compared to 28.6 percent females (Table 4.9).

Table 4.9 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Water Supply, Sewerage and Waste Management Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Water collection treatment and supply	4,120	1,663	5,783	92.5
Sewerage	13	1	14	0.2
Waste collection treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	183	73	256	4.1
Remediation activities and other waste management services	146	54	200	3.2
Total	4,462	1,791	6,253	100.0
Percent	71.4	28.6	100.0	

#### 4.6 Construction Sector

Construction industry involves the construction of buildings, civil engineering, and specialized construction activities. The 2023/24 SBR census results for Tanzania show that, 421 establishments are engaged in the construction sector, whereby establishment in the Construction of buildings accounted for 36.8 percent and specialized construction activities accounted for 36.6 percent each, Civil engineering account for 26.6 percent of all establishment in Construction Sector.



Table 4.10 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Construction Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Construction of buildings	92	63	155	36.8
Civil engineering	103	9	112	26.6
Specialized construction activities	66	88	154	36.6
Total	261	160	421	100.0

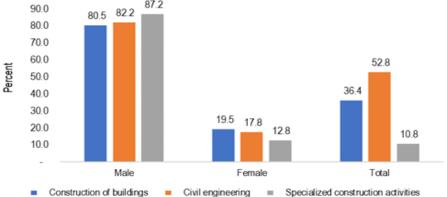
#### 4.6.1 Employment in Construction Sector

Census results show that, 8,246 persons are engaged (employed) in the Construction sector 6,774 males (82.1%) and 1,472 females (17.9%).

Establishments in the Civil engineering sub-sector employs 52.8 percent of all persons employed in the construction sector whereas the Construction of buildings employs 36.4 percent and specialized construction activities employs 10.8 percent, (Figure 4.5).

Figure 4.5 Percentage of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Construction Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

100.0
90.0
80.5
82.2
87.2



## 4.6.2 Ownership in Construction Sector

Profit Making Institution is a giant owner in this sector owning 73.2 percent of all establishments engaged in the Construction sector, Other owners own less than 10 percent each (Table 4.11).

Table 4.11 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Construction Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal
Construction of buildings	114	2	5	9	10	15
Civil engineering	61	1	5	10	26	9
Specialized construction activities	133	0	5	5	3	8
Total	308	3	15	24	39	32
Percent	73.2	0.7	3.6	5.7	9.3	7.6

#### 4.7 Trade Sector

The trade sector involves buying and selling (sale without transformation) of goods and services. It includes all activities related to the sale and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles, as well as all other sale activities.

The Table 4.12 shows that of all establishments in this sector, 84.1 percent are retail trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles, followed by wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles (8.2%) and Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles (7.7%).

Table 4.12 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments engaged in the Trade Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	8,779	1,126	9,905	8.2
Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	5,728	3,596	9,324	7.7
Retail trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	81,845	19,733	101,578	84.1
Total	96,352	24,455	120,807	100.0

## 4.7.1 Employment in Trade Sector

The total number of persons engaged in trade sector is 307,353 of which 243,421 persons accounting for 79.2 percent are in the Retail trade except for motor vehicles and motorcycles, followed by 34,405 persons (11.2%) employed in the wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles. The proportions of female employees in this sector is 37.9 percent compared to 62.1 percent of males (Table 4.13).

Table 4.13 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Trade Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	29,275	5,130	34,405	11.2
Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	20,804	8,723	29,527	9.6
Retail trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	141,100	102,703	243,803	79.2
Total	191,179	116,556	307,735	100.0
Percent	62.1	37.9	100.0	

## 4.8 Transportation and Storage Sector

This sector covers activities under land transport and transport via pipelines; water transport; air transport; warehousing and support activities for transportation; postal and courier activities.



There was a total of 1,601 establishments in the transport and storage sector. The highest proportion of establishments in this sector is engaged in warehousing and support activities (41.2%) followed by land transport and transport via pipelines (37.0%), postal courier activities (8.8%); water transport (7.2%) and Air transport (5.7%) (Table 4.14).

Table 4.14 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments engaged in the Transportation and Storage Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

	Tanzania			
Sub Sectors	Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Land transport and transport via pipelines	567	25	592	37.0
Water transport	77	39	116	7.2
Air transport	73	19	92	5.7
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	555	105	660	41.2
Postal and courier activities	115	26	141	8.8
Total	1.387	214	1.601	100.0

## 4.8.1 Ownership in Transportation and Storage Sector

The SBR Census results reveal that 1,601 establishments are engaged in Transport and Storage. Out of these, 1,034 establishments (64.6%) are owned by Private Profit-Making Institutions and 255 establishments (15.9%) are owned by Cooperatives. Establishments owned by the Private Non-Profit Making Institutions' ownership are 16 accounting for only 1.0 percent (Table 4.15).

Table 4.15 Number and Percent Distribution of Establishments by Type of Ownership and Su-Sector; Tanzania 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Land transport and transport via pipelines	475	4	60	27	14	12	592
Water transport	87	1	6	3	5	14	116
Air transport	57	2	6	5	11	11	92
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	362	7	176	18	51	46	660
Postal and courier activities	53	2	7	8	29	42	141
Total	1,034	16	255	61	110	125	1,601
Percent	64.6	1.0	15.9	3.8	6.9	7.8	100.0

## 4.8.2 Employment in Transport and Storage Sector

Results from the census show that the Transport and storage sector employed 25,262 persons. Among all persons employed in this sector, 20,393 persons (80.7%) were males and 4,869 persons (19.3%) were females. There are more male employees than females across all the sub-sectors. The largest number (8,891) of males were engaged in Land transport and transport via pipeline activities and the smallest number (568) were engaged in Air transport. On the other hand, female employees (1,982) were largest in Warehousing and support activities for transportation and smallest (413) in Postal and courier activities (Table 4.16).

Table 4.16 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged in the Transport and Storage Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Land transport and transport via pipelines	8,891	1,467	10,358	41.0
Water transport	1,255	488	1,743	6.9
Air transport	568	519	1,087	4.3
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	8,724	1,982	10,706	42.4
Postal and courier activities	955	413	1,368	5.4
Total	20,393	4,869	25,262	100.0
Percent	80.7	19.3	100.0	

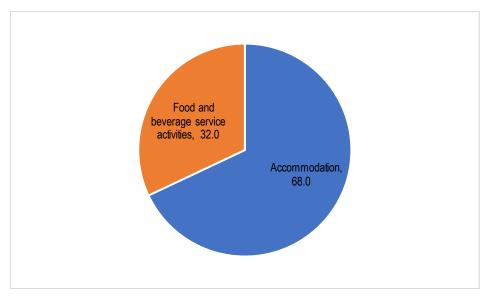
## 4.9 Accommodation, Food and Beverage Service Activities Sector

The sector includes activities on accommodation, food and beverage service. Results shows that, accommodation activity account for 68.0 percent of the total establishments while food and beverage service activities account for 32.0 percent (Table 4.17 and Figure 4.6).

Table 4.17 Number and Percentage distribution of establishments engaged in the Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services Sector by sub sectors; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Accommodation	13,211	614	13,825	68.0
Food and beverage service activities	4,719	1,792	6,511	32.0
Total	17,930	2,406	20,336	100.0

Figure 4.6 Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services Sector



#### 4.9.1 Employment in Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services

The total number of employees in this sector is 112,821 persons; 69.0 percent of them are employed in accommodation and 31.0 percent in the food and beverage service activities. Out of the total persons engaged, 57.1 percent are females and 42.9 percent are males (Table 4.18).

Table 4.18 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub sector	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Accommodation	34,332	43,559	77,891	69.0
Food and beverage service activities	14,078	20,852	34,930	31.0
Total	48,410	64,411	112,821	100.0
Percent	42.9	57.1	100.0	

#### 4.10 Information and Communication Sector

The information and Communication Sector employed about 7,438 persons in its different sub sectors which are publishing activities; motion picture, video and television programme production; sound recording and music publishing; programming and broadcasting, telecommunications; computer programming, consultancy and related activities; and information service.

There was a total of 970 establishments in this sector. The highest proportion of establishments in this sector is engaged in telecommunications activities (55.8%) followed by programming and broadcasting activities (14.3%) and motion picture video and television programme production sound recording and music publishing activities (12.3%) (Table 4.19).

Table 4.19 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Information and Communication Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Publishing activities	35	30	65	6.7
Motion picture video and television programme production sound recording and music publishing activities	101	18	119	12.3
Programming and broadcasting activities	122	17	139	14.3
Telecommunications	381	160	541	55.8
Computer programming consultancy and related activities	55	13	68	7.0
Information service activities	31	7	38	3.9
Total	725	245	970	100.0

#### 4.10.1 Employment in Information and Communication Sector

The total number of persons engaged in this sector is 7,438. The table shows that the proportion of males employees is higher (63.9%) than that of females (36.1%) in all sub-sectors.

Table 4.20 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Information and communication Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub sectors		Number		Р	ercentage	
Sub sectors	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Publishing of books periodicals and other publishing activities	274	205	479	57.2	42.8	100.0
Motion picture video and television programme production sound recording and music publishing activities		204	631	67.7	32.3	100.0
Programming and broadcasting activities	1,138	748	1,886	60.3	39.7	100.0
Telecommunications	2,319	1,267	3,586	64.7	35.3	100.0
Computer programming consultancy and related activities	347	144	491	70.7	29.3	100.0
Information service activities	251	114	365	68.8	31.2	100.0
Total	4,756	2,682	7,438	63.9	36.1	100.0

## 4.10.2 Ownership in Information and Communication Sector

In the information and communication sector, 73.4 percent of establishments are owned by Private Profit-making Institutions, 7.5 percent are owned by Government Institutions, and (7.3%) are jointly owned. The remaining establishments are owned by parastatals (5.7%), cooperatives (3.7%) and Private non-profit making institutions (2.4%) (Table 4.21).

Table 4.21 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Information and Communication Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Publishing of books periodicals and other publishing activities	53	0	1	0	6	5	65
Motion picture video and television programme production sound recording and music publishing activities	108	1	3	3	3	1	119
Programming and broadcasting activities	91	16	10	3	15	4	139
Telecommunications	386	1	19	61	31	43	541
Computer programming consultancy and related activities	51	1	2	1	12	1	68
Information service activities	23	4	1	3	6	1	38
Total	712	23	36	71	73	55	970
Percent	73.4	2.4	3.7	7.3	7.5	5.7	100

#### 4.11 Financial and Insurance Sector

This sector includes financial service activities, insurance, re-insurance and pension funding activities and activities to support financial services. It also includes the activities of holding assets, such as activities of holding companies and the activities of trusts, funds and similar financial entities.

The findings show that, Financial and Insurance Activities employed a total of 37,240 persons 20,713 males (55.6%) and 16,527 females (44.4%). There are more males than females engaged in all sub sectors. The Financial Service activities except insurance and Pension funding subsector employed the largest number of persons (24,423), followed by Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance activities (11,250) and Insurance, re-insurance and pension funding except compulsory social security (1,567) (Table 4.22).

Table 4.22 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Financial and Insurance Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub -Sector		Number	Percent			
Gub -Geotor	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Financial service activities except insurance and pension funding	13,683	10,740	24,423	56.0	44.0	100.0
Insurance reinsurance and pension funding except compulsory social security		687	1,567	56.2	43.8	100.0
Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance activities	6,150	5,100	11,250	54.7	45.3	100.0
Total	20,713	16,527	37,240	55.6	44.4	100.0

#### 4.11.1 Ownership in Financial and Insurance Sector

Census results shows that out of 9,177 establishments surveyed in the Financial and Insurance Sector, a total of 8,027 establishments are owned by Private Profit Making Institutions, 399 establishments are owned by Cooperatives, 385 establishments are owned by Jointly and 183 establishments are owned by Parastatal institutions. Government and Private Non-Profit Making institutions own 154 and 29 establishments respectively (Table 4.23).

Table 4.23 Distribution of Establishments in the Financial and Insurance Sector by Ownership and Sub-Sector;
Tanzania. 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Central Government Authorities	Parastatal Profit Making Institutions	Total
Financial service activities except insurance and pension funding	4,451	14	305	319	70	111	5,270
Insurance reinsurance and pension funding except compulsory social security	111	4	16	13	20	28	192
Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance activities	3,465	11	78	53	64	44	3,715
Total	8,027	29	399	385	154	183	9,177
Percent	87.5	0.3	4.3	4.2	1.7	2.0	100.0

#### 4.12 Real Estate Activities Sector

The sector captured information on Real Estate Activities Sectors on a fee or contract basis and Real estate activities with own or leased property. The Census results show that in Tanzania 157 establishments are engaged in Real Estate Activities of which 33.1 percent are on a fee or contract basis and 66.9 percent are own or leased property (Table 4.24).

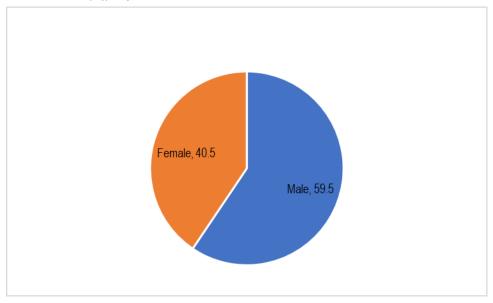
Table 4.24 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Real Estate Activity Sector by Sub Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

	Tanzania			
Sub Sectors	Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Real estate activities with own or leased property	100	5	105	66.9
Real estate activities on a fee or contract basis	49	3	52	33.1
Total	149	8	157	100.0

## 4.12.1 Employment in Real Estate Activity Sector

The results show that, 1,206 persons are employed in this sector. The number of males engaged is higher (717, 59.5%) than that of females (489, 40.5%) (Figure 4.7).

Figure 4.7 Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Real Estate Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR



## 4.13 Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities Sector

The sector summarizes establishments on legal and accounting activities such as activities of management consultancy; architectural and engineering activities; scientific research and development; advertising and market research; other professional, scientific and technical activities as well as veterinary activities.

The census result showed that in Tanzania, a total number of 1,676 establishments are engaged in Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities of which 1,399 establishments found in Tanzania Mainland and 277 establishments are in Zanzibar. Legal and accounting activities have the largest percentage (44.5%) of establishments followed by other professional, scientific and technical activities (32.2%) and architectural and engineering activities (13.8%), (Table 4.25).

Table 4.25 Number and Percentage of Establishments Engaged in Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities Sector by Sub Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Legal and accounting activities	684	62	746	44.5
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	42	6	48	2.9
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	219	13	232	13.8
Scientific research and development	47	8	55	3.3
Advertising and market research	18	7	25	1.5
Other professional scientific and technical activities	371	168	539	32.2
Veterinary activities	18	13	31	1.8
Total	1,399	277	1,676	100.0

#### 4.13.1 Employment in Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities Sector

SBR Census results reveal that 15,550 persons are employed in this sector; 10,026 (64.5%) are males and 5,524 (35.5%) are females. Legal and accounting activities have 5,184 employees (33.3%) while Advertising and market research have 1.0 percent each of all employees (Table 4.26).

Table 4.26 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Professional, Scientific and Technical Activities Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Legal and accounting activities	2,902	2,282	5,184	33.3
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	623	518	1,141	7.3
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	2,809	1,035	3,844	24.7
Scientific research and development	1,233	673	1,906	12.3
Advertising and market research	107	54	161	1.0
Other professional scientific and technical activities	2,093	824	2,917	18.8
Veterinary activities	259	138	397	2.6
Total	10,026	5,524	15,550	100.0
Percent	64.5	35.5	100.0	

#### 4.14 Administrative and Support Service Activities Sector

The sector comprises establishments of rental and leasing; employment activities; travel agency, tour operator, reservation service and related activities; security and investigation; services to buildings and landscape activities; office administrative or support and other business support activities.

The 2023/24 SBR results show that, the sector has a total of 2,116 establishments in Tanzania; whereby 1,187 establishments are in Tanzania Mainland and 929 are in Zanzibar (Table 4.27).

Office administrative, office support and other business support activities has the largest percentage of the establishments (26.9%), followed by service to buildings and landscape activities (22.2%) and travel agency, tour operator, reservation service and related activities (18.2%).

Table 4.27 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Administrative and Support Service Activities Sector by Type of Activity; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Tanzania Mainland	Zanzibar	Tanzania	Percent
Rental and leasing activities	94	269	363	17.2
Employment activities	28	29	57	2.7
Travel agency tour operator reservation service and related activities	293	92	385	18.2
Security and investigation activities Services to buildings and landscape activities Office administrative office support and other business	251 107	20 363	271 470	12.8 22.2
support activities	414	156	570	26.9
Total	1,187	929	2,116	100.0

#### 4.14.1 Employment in Administrative and Support Service Activities

This sector employs 29,525 persons in total. Out of these, 67.9 percent are males and 32.1 percent are females (Table 4.28).

Table 4.28 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Administrative and Support Service Activities Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Rental and leasing activities	853	262	1,115	3.8
Employment activities	699	233	932	3.2
Travel agency tour operator reservation service and related activities	4,266	1,563	5,829	19.7
Security and investigation activities	9,470	4,175	13,645	46.2
Services to buildings and landscape activities Office administrative office support and other business support	2,643	1,978	4,621	15.7
activities	2,106	1,277	3,383	11.5
Total	20,037	9,488	29,525	100.0
Percent	67.9	32.1	100.0	

## 4.15 Public Administration, Defense and Compulsory Social Security Sector

According to the 2023/24 SBR, this sector comprises activities of Public administration, Defense and compulsory social security in Tanzania. Results show that, the sector had a total of 6,290 establishments out of which 5,950 are in Tanzania Mainland and 340 are in Zanzibar. Administration of the state and the economic and social policy of the community account for 97.2 percent of establishments while provision of services to the community as a whole accounts for 2.5 percent and provision of compulsory social security services accounts for 0.3 percent of establishments.

Table 4.29 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in the Public Administration,
Defense and Compulsory Social Security Services Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub sector	Tanzania	Tanzania Mainland		Zanzibar		ania
oub sector	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Administration of the State and the economic and social policy of the community	5,798	97.4	316	92.9	6,114	97.2
Provision of services to the community as a whole	139	2.3	19	5.6	158	2.5
Compulsory social security activities	13	0.2	5	1.5	18	0.3
Total	5,950	100.0	340	100.0	6,290	100.0

#### 4.16 Education Sector

According to ISIC Rev. 4, education sector comprises pre-primary and primary schools, general secondary education, technical and vocational secondary education, high level education, education support activities, sports and recreation education, cultural education and other education.

The number of establishments in this sector was 12,962, of which 8,813 (68.0%) are pre-primary and primary schools, followed by Secondary education of 2,973 (22.9%) and others are below 10 percent (Table 4.30).

Table 4.30 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishments Engaged in Education Sector by Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sector	Total	Percent
Pre-primary and primary education	8,813	68.0
Secondary education	2,973	22.9
Higher education	273	2.1
Other education	797	6.1
Educational support activities	106	0.8
Total	12,962	100.0

## 4.16.1 Employment in Education Sector

The results show that, 229,262 persons are employed in this sector. The number of females engagement in the education sector is slightly higher (115,763 persons; 50.5%) than that of males (113,499 persons; 49.5%) (Figure 4.8).

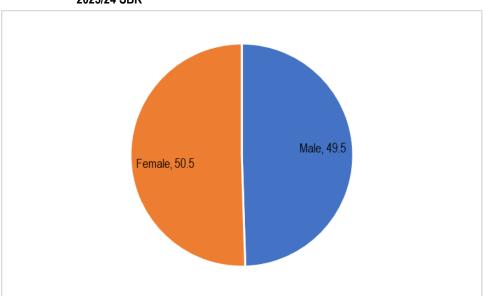


Figure 4.8 Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Education Sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

## 4.16.2 Ownership in Education Sector

According to the Census findings, out of 12,962 establishments covered in the education sector, the majority of establishments are owned by Government (7,372 establishments; 56.9%), followed by Private Profit Making Institutions (4,213 establishments; 32.5%) and Private Non-profit Making (663 establishments; 5.1%). The minority of establishments are owned by Parastatals (406 establishments; 3.1%), Cooperatives (247 establishments;1.9%), and Joint Ventures (61 establishments; 0.5%) (Figure 4.9).

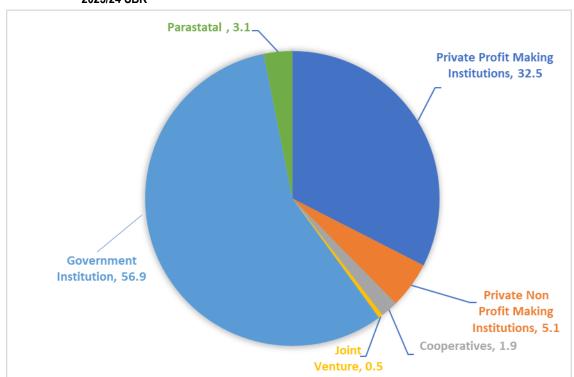


Figure 4.9 Percentage Distribution of Establishments in the Education Sector by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

#### 4.17 Human Health and Social Work Activities Sector

This sector comprises Human health activities like (hospitals, health centers, dispensaries, clinics, laboratories, and other health facilities), Residential care, and Social Work activities.

SBR Census results reveal that 93,351 persons are employed in this sector; 51,420 (55.1%) are females and 41,931 (44.9%) are males. Human health activities have 89,279 employees (95.6%) while Residential Care and Social Work activities both have 2.2 percent each of all employees (Table 4.31).

Table 4.31 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Human Health and Social Work Activities Sector by Sex and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub-Sector		Number			Percent		
Sub-Sector	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	
Human health activities	39,954	49,325	89,279	44.8	55.2	95.6	
Residential care activities	865	1,162	2,027	42.7	57.3	2.2	
Social work activities without accommodation	1,112	933	2,045	54.4	45.6	2.2	
Total	41,931	51,420	93,351	44.9	55.1	100.0	

#### 4.17.1 Ownership in Human Health and Social Work Activities

Out of 5,897 establishments in the Human Health Sector, 3,151 (53.4 %) are owned by Private Profit Making Institutions followed by 2,132 (36.2%) owned by the Government and 299 (5.1%) owned by Private Non Profit Making Institutions, (Table 4.32).

Table 4.32 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Human Health Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub sector	Private Profit- Making Institutions	Private Non Profit- Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Human health activities	3,082	192	109	57	2,099	114	5,653
Residential care activities	34	68	7	0	14	13	136
Social work activities without accommodation	35	39	8	0	19	7	108
Total	3,151	299	124	57	2,132	134	5,897
Percent	53.4	5.1	2.1	1.0	36.2	2.3	100.0

#### 4.18 Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Activities Sector

This sector comprises a wide range of activities to meet varied cultural, entertainment and recreational interests of the general public, including live performances, operation of museum sites, gambling, sports and recreation activities.

A total number of 4,694 persons are engaged in the Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation sector of which 2,700 (57.5%) are males and 1,994 (42.5%) are females. Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities have largest number of employees (1,939 persons; 41.3%), followed by Gambling and betting activities (1,532 persons; 32.6%). Creative arts and entertainment activities and Libraries archives museums and other cultural activities sub-sectors have less than a thousand employees each (Table 4.33).

Table 4.33 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation sector by Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Creative arts and entertainment activities	616	205	821	17.5
Libraries archives museums and other cultural activities	250	152	402	8.6
Gambling and betting activities	687	845	1,532	32.6
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	1,147	792	1,939	41.3
Total	2,700	1,994	4,694	100.0
Percent	57.5	42.5	100.0	

## 4.18.1 Ownership in the Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Sector

About eighty four percent (84.3%) of all establishments in the Arts, entertainment and Recreation sector are owned by Private Profit-making Institutions, (Figure 4.10).

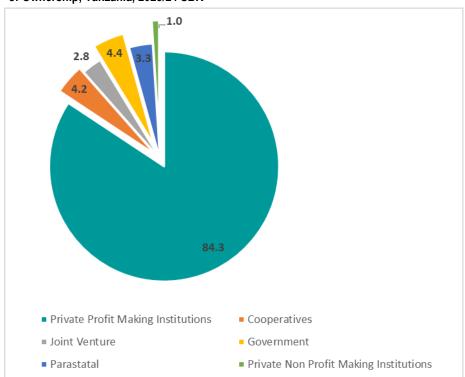


Figure 4.10 Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Arts, Entertainment and Recreation Sector by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

## 4.19 Other Service Activities Sector

This sector includes activities of business, employers and professional membership organizations.

Table 4.34 show that 78,841 persons in Tanzania are engaged in the Other Service activities sector. Males (62.7%) are more engaged in this sector than females (37.3%). Activities of membership organizations have the largest percentage of employees (79.5%) engaged in this sector, followed by Other personal service activities (18.5%) and Repair of computers and personal and household goods (2.0%).

Table 4.34 Number and Percentage Distribution of Persons Engaged (Employed) in the Other Services Sector by Sub-Sector and Sex; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Sub Sectors	Male	Female	Total	Percent
Activities of membership organizations	41,114	21,564	62,678	79.5
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	1,450	143	1,593	2.0
Other personal service activities	6,901	7,669	14,570	18.5
Total	49,465	29,376	78,841	100.0
Percent	62.7	37.3	100.0	

## 4.19.1 Ownership in the Other Services Sector

The Table 4.35 below shows that the total establishments in Other Services Sector in Tanzania are 16,386, out of which 6,926 (42.3%) are owned by Private Profit Making Institutions and 6,913 (42.2%) are owned by Private Non Profit Institution. Joint Venture own the smallest number of establishments in this sector (50; 0.3%).

Table 4.35 Number and Percentage Distribution of Establishment in the Other Services Sector by Type of Ownership and Sub-Sector; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Subsector	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government	Parastatal	Total
Activities of membership organizations	857	6,895	269	22	218	1911	10,172
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	637	1	11	4	2	4	659
Other personal service activities	5432	17	39	24	24	19	5,555
Total	6926	6,913	319	50	244	1934	16,386
Percent	42.3	42.2	1.9	0.3	1.5	11.8	100.0

## **CHAPTER FIVE**

#### CONCLUSION, CHALENGES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 5.0 Introduction

This chapter presents the conclusion, challenges and recommendations based on the 2023/24 SBR in Tanzania.

#### 5.1 Conclusion

The 2023/24 Statistical Business Register Census has managed to identify most of establishments in all regions of the United Republic of Tanzania and record their characteristics. The characteristics include locations, type of ownership, economic activity, size group, registration status and establishment by sector.

Census results show that the majority of establishments are located in Dar es Salaam Region, followed by Mjini Magharibi, Geita, Mwanza, Mbeya and Dodoma. Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles has the largest number of establishments followed by accommodation and food services.

The data also reveal that most of the establishments are owned by Private Profit Making Institutions, followed by those owned by public which includes Central and local Government. It is further observed that, most of the establishments operating in Tanzania are small scale with 1 to 4 workers.

The results also show that about 78.1 percent are registered, 16.0 percent are not registered and 5.9 percent are mostly Government offices hence do not need registration. Across regions, Iringa has the highest proportion of unregistered establishments, followed by Geita and Rukwa.

In terms of organizational structure, most of establishments were stand-alone, followed by branches of large organization. Results also reveal that male workers are more engaged in economic activities in the establishments than females.

## 5.2 Challenges

- Limited cooperation between business management and field team. Among the
  reasons, majority of business owners were absent during visits, too busy with their own
  schedules to be interviewed, some were reluctant to provide information such as
  turnover, number of employees, etc;
- Unsuccessful callback after dispatched of the questionnaire, several visits were made without successful.

#### 5.3 Recommendations

In order for the Statistical Business Register to achieve its objectives of providing a survey frame for establishment-based censuses and surveys as well as being a reference for decision makers, it is recommended that;

- (i) To improve public awareness and sensitization regarding the SBR exercise.
- (ii) Enough time should be allocated for the exercise to reduce non responses through callbacks.
- (iii) For continuity purposes, SBR should be carried out after every four years as recommended.

# **APPENDIXES**

Annex 1: Tables

Table 5AJ. Detailed ISIC by Type of Ownership; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

		Private Profit Making	Private Non Profit Making		Joint	Government	Parastatal
Activity	Total	Institutions	Institutions	Cooperatives	Venture	Institutions	Institutions
Total	219371	184886	8515	3285	2012	16756	3917
Agriculture Forest and Fishing	806	369	19	305	23	58	32
Agriculture	520	269	11	179	16	23	22
Forest	79	24	8	9	2	30	6
Fishing	207	76	0	117	5	5	4
Mining and Quarrying	941	846	5	48	23	13	6
Mining of coal and lignite	26	21	1	0	3	1	0
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	3	1	0	1	0	1	0
Mining of metal ores	513	497	1	9	5	1	0
Other mining and quarrying	350	298	1	32	10	3	6
Mining support service activities	49	29	2	6	5	7	0
Manufacturing	17463	16748	26	401	175	41	72
Manufacture of food products	6702	6531	10	87	45	17	12
Manufacture of beverages	100	90	0	5	3	0	2
Manufacture of tobacco products	5	3	0	1	1	0	0
Manufacture of textiles	909	857	1	37	4	2	8
Manufacture of wearing apparel	2324	2257	3	34	27	1	2
Manufacture of leather and related products	126	121	0	2	3	0	0
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except							
furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	988	936	1	31	5	3	12
Manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	25	20	0	2	1	1	1
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	237	224	2	3	5	1	2
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	11	10	0	1	0	0	0
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	126	105	0	13	6	2	0
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemical and							
botanical products	7	6	0	1	0	0	0
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	149	133	0	9	6	0	1
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	924	879	1	19	13	4	8
Manufacture of basic metals	137	128	0	5	2	1	1
Manufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and							
equipment	2065	1984	5	48	24	3	1

		Private Profit Making	Private Non Profit Making		Joint	Government	Parastatal
Activity	Total	Institutions	Institutions	Cooperatives	Venture	Institutions	Institutions
Manufacture of computer electronic and optical products	162	155	0	4	1	0	2
Manufacture of electrical equipment	92	85	0	2	1	1	3
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	75	70	1	1	0	1	2
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	100	91	0	4	3	1	1
Manufacture of other transport equipment	44	43	0	1	0	0	0
Manufacture of furniture	1728	1612	2	86	17	2	9
Other manufacturing	133	123	0	2	5	1	2
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	294	285	0	3	3	0	3
Electricity gas steam and air conditioning supply	175	69	1	3	6	52	44
Electricity gas steam and air conditioning supply	175	69	1	3	6	52	44
Water supply; sewerage waste management and remediation							
activities	261	49	6	5	1	166	34
Water collection treatment and supply	236	37	5	4	1	156	33
Sewerage	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
Waste collection treatment and disposal activities; materials							
recovery	15	8	1	1	0	5	0
Remediation activities and other waste management services	8	4	0	0	0	3	1
Construction	421	308	3	15	24	39	32
Construction of buildings	155	114	2	5	9	10	15
Civil engineering	112	61	1	5	10	26	9
Specialized construction activities	154	133	0	5	5	3	8
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and							
motorcycles	120807	118621	132	819	701	214	320
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and		00-4		400	•		
motorcycles	9905	9651	11	108	93	27	15
Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	9324	8976	11	121	111	18	87
Retail trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	101578	99994	110	590	497	169	218
Transportation and storage	1601	1034	16	255	61	110	125
Land transport and transport via pipelines	592	475	4	60	27	14	12
Water transport	116	87	1	6	3	5	14
Air transport	92	57	2	6	5	11	11
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	660	362	7	176	18	51	46
Postal and courier activities	141	53	2	7	8	29	42
Accommodation and food service activities	20336	19879	15	92	172	27	151
Accommodation	13825	13485	13	55	129	15	128
Food and beverage service activities	6511	6394	2	37	43	12	23
Information and communication	970	712	23	36	71	73	55

Activity	Total		Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government Institutions	Parastatal Institutions
Publishing of books periodicals and other publishing activities		65	53	0	1	0	6	5
Motion picture video and television programme production sound								
recording and music publishing activities		119	108	1	3	3	3	1
Programming and broadcasting activities		139	91	16	10	3	15	4
Telecommunications		541	386	1	19	61	31	43
Computer programming consultancy and related activities		68	51	1	2	1	12	1
Information service activities		38	23	4	1	3	6	1
Financial and insurance activities		9177	8027	29	399	385	154	183
Financial service activities except insurance and pension funding		5270	4451	14	305	319	70	111
Insurance reinsurance and pension funding except compulsory								
social security		192	111	4	16	13	20	28
Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance activities		3715	3465	11	78	53	64	44
Real estate activities		157	126	1	13	10	4	3
Real estate activities		157	126	1	13	10	4	3
Professional scientific and technical activities		1676	1186	84	75	80	195	56
Legal and accounting activities		746	464	60	55	45	95	27
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities		48	26	4	2	0	14	2
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and								
analysis		232	165	0	9	17	32	9
Scientific research and development		55	14	9	1	0	21	10
Advertising and market research		25	14	3	2	3	1	2
Other professional scientific and technical activities		539	488	7	6	13	19	6
Veterinary activities		31	15	1	0	2	13	0
Administrative and support service activities		2116	1730	63	67	82	84	90
Rental and leasing activities		363	348	1	5	5	1	3
Employment activities		57	26	10	3	1	14	3
Travel agency tour operator reservation service and related								
activities		385	289	5	21	29	8	33
Security and investigation activities		271	207	3	13	16	18	14
Services to buildings and landscape activities		470	354	38	11	12	28	27
Office administrative office support and other business support								
activities		570	506	6	14	19	15	10
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security		6290	121	201	23	4	5737	204
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security		6290	121	201	23	4	5737	204
Education		12962	4213	663	247	61	7372	406
Education		12962	4213	663	247	61	7372	406

Activity	Total	Private Profit Making Institutions	Private Non Profit Making Institutions	Cooperatives	Joint Venture	Government Institutions	Parastatal Institutions
Human health and social work activities	5897	3151	299	124	57	2132	134
Human health activities	5653	3082	192	109	57	2099	114
Residential care activities	136	34	68	7	0	14	13
Social work activities without accommodation	108	35	39	8	0	19	7
Arts entertainment and recreation	907	765	9	38	25	40	30
Creative arts and entertainment activities	284	257	1	9	5	0	12
Libraries archives museums and other cultural activities	61	29	1	3	1	23	4
Gambling and betting activities	254	222	1	18	13	0	0
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	308	257	6	8	6	17	14
Other service activities	16386	6926	6913	319	50	244	1934
Activities of membership organizations	10172	857	6895	269	22	218	1911
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	659	637	1	11	4	2	4
Other personal service activities	5555	5432	17	39	24	24	19
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use	7	5	0	1	1	0	0
Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of	_	_	·		-	·	-
private households for own use	7	5	0	1	1	0	0
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	15	1	7	0	0	1	6
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	15	11	7	0	0	1_	6

Table 5AK. Detailed ISIC by Total Male Person Engaged, Total Female Person Engaged; Tanzania, 2023/24 SBR

Table 5AK. Detailed ISIC by Total Male Person Engaged, Total Fema	Total Male Person Engaged	Total Female Person Engaged	Total Person Engaged
Total	778,972	561,974	1,340,946
Agriculture Forest and Fishing	16510	13205	29715
Agriculture	12844	11342	24186
Forest	1787	857	2644
Fishing	1879	1006	2885
Mining and Quarying	13290	1864	15154
Mining of coal and lignite	422	49	471
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	235	43	278
Mining of metal ores	5465	685	6150
Other mining and quarrying	6847	1019	7866
	321	68	389
Mining support service activities			
Manufacturing	113062	48295	161357
Manufacture of food products	37633	14092	51725
Manufacture of beverages	7073	2882	9955
Manufacture of tobacco products	5587	4091	9678
Manufacture of textiles	3447	2357	5804
Manufacture of wearing apparel	8491	12013	20504
Manufacture of leather and related products  Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork except furniture;manufacture	862	548	1410
of articles of straw and plaiting materials	5791	1200	6991
Manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials	695	360	1055
Printing and reproduction of recorded media	893	440	1333
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	183	149	332
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	3907	2608	6515
Manufacture of pharmaceuticals medicinal chemical and botanical products	219	242	461
Manufacture of rubber and plastics products	3671	2310	5981
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	11294	1634	12928
Manufacture of basic metals	1790	752	2542
Manufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery and equipment	8614	605	9219
Manufacture of computer electronic and optical products	606	162	768
Manufacture of electrical equipment	879	396	1275
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	527	127	654
Manufacture of motor vehicles trailers and semi-trailers	845	67	912
Manufacture of other transport equipment	265	39	304
Manufacture of furniture	7630	577	8207
Other manufacturing	888	526	1414
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	1272	118	1390
Electricity gas steam and air conditioning supply	5715	1253	6968
Electricity gas steam and air conditioning supply	5715	1253	6968
Water supply; sewerage waste management and remediation activities	4462	1791	6253
Water collection treatment and supply	4120	1663	5783
Sewerage	13	1	14
Waste collection treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery	183	73	256
Remediation activities and other waste management services	146	54	200
Construction	6774	1472	8246
Construction of buildings	2415	584	2999

Activity	Total Male Person Engaged	Total Female Person Engaged	Total Person Engaged
Civil engineering	3584	774	4358
Specialized construction activities	775	114	889
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	191179	116556	307735
Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	29275	5130	34405
Wholesale trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	20804	8723	29527
Retail trade except of motor vehicles and motorcycles	141100	102703	243803
Transportation and storage	20393	4869	25262
Land transport and transport via pipelines	8891	1467	10358
Water transport	1255	488	1743
Air transport	568	519	1087
Warehousing and support activities for transportation	8724	1982	10706
Postal and courier activities	955	413	1368
Accommodation and food service activities	48410	64411	112821
Accommodation	34332	43559	77891
Food and beverage service activities	14078	20852	34930
Information and communication	4756	2682	7438
Publishing of books periodicals and other publishing activities	274	205	479
Motion picture video and television programme production sound recording and music publishing activities	427	204	631
Programming and broadcasting activities	1138	748	1886
Telecommunications	2319	1267	3586
Computer programming consultancy and related activities	347	144	491
Information service activities	251	114	365
Financial and insurance activities	20713	16527	37240
Financial service activities except insurance and pension funding	13683	10740	24423
Insurance reinsurance and pension funding except compulsory social security	880	687	1567
Activities auxiliary to financial service and insurance activities	6150	5100	11250
Real estate activities	717	489	1206
Real estate activities	717	489	1206
Professional scientific and technical activities	10026	5524	15550
Legal and accounting activities	2902	2282	5184
Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities	623	518	1141
Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis	2809	1035	3844
Scientific research and development	1233	673	1906
Advertising and market research	107	54	161
Other professional scientific and technical activities	2093	824	2917
Veterinary activities	259	138	397
Administrative and support service activities	20037	9488	29525
Rental and leasing activities	853	262	1115
Employment activities	699	233	932
Travel agency tour operator reservation service and related activities	4266	1563	5829
Security and investigation activities	9470	4175	13645
Services to buildings and landscape activities	2643	1978	4621
Office administrative office support and other business support activities	2106	1277	3383
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	95134	74837	169971
Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	95134	74837	169971
Education	113499	115763	229262

Activity	Total Male Person Engaged	Total Female Person Engaged	Total Person Engaged
Education	113499	115763	229262
Human health and social work activities	41931	51420	93351
Human health activities	39954	49325	89279
Residential care activities	865	1162	2027
Social work activities without accommodation	1112	933	2045
Arts entertainment and recreation	2700	1994	4694
Creative arts and entertainment activities	616	205	821
Libraries archives museums and other cultural activities	250	152	402
Gambling and betting activities	687	845	1532
Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities	1147	792	1939
Other service activities	49465	29376	78841
Activities of membership organizations	41114	21564	62678
Repair of computers and personal and household goods	1450	143	1593
Other personal service activities	6901	7669	14570
Activities of households as employers; undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of households for own use	11	15	26
Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel	0	0	0
Undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of private households for own use	11	15	26
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	188	143	331
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	188	143	331



**CONFIDENTIAL** 

# 2023/24 TANZANIA CENSUS OF STATISTICAL BUSINESS REGISTER (SBR)

THIS INFORMATION IS COLLECTED UNDER THE STATISTICAL ACT NO. 9 OF 2007 AND CAP 351

PART A: IDENTIFICATION		
REGION:		
DISTRICT:		
WARD/SHEHIA:		
STREET/VILLAGE:	[	





NATIONAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF GOVERNMENT STATISTICIAN

## INFORMATION OF ESTABLISHMENT

1	Full Name of Establishment	
2	Contact information	
	Phone number:	
	Postal address:	
	Email address:	
3	What is the main activity of this establishment?	ISIC Rev 4
4	When did this establishment start to operate?	Year
5	What is the type of ownership?	
	1. Private profit-Making institutions	
	2. Private non-Profit Making Institutions	
	3. Cooperatives	
	4. Joint Venture	
	5. Government Authorities	
	6. Parastatal Institutions	
6	This establishment is:	
	1. Single entity establishment/ company	
	2. Headquarter of a company with multi branches	
	3. Branch of an establishment	

7	Has this establishment legally registered?		
	1. Yes		
	2. No		
	3. Not Applicable		
8	How many employees are working for this establishme	nt?	
	C	Total	
	Sex	Total	
	Female		
	Male		
	Total number of employees		
9	If Main Activity of establishment is Hotel/ Lodge or Gue	st house	2
	How many rooms does the Hotel/Guest house have for	the gue	sts?
	Number of rooms		
	rumber of rooms		
10	How many beds does the Hotel/Guest have for the gues	st?	
	Number of beds		
PART D	: DECLARATION AND SIGNATURE		
LUEDED	V DECLARE that the information contained in this nature.	:	1.4
	Y DECLARE that, the information contained in this return	is comp	iete and correct to the
best of m	y knowledge.		
Name	Designation:		
Name	Designation		
Signature	& Stamp:, Date:		
FOR OF	FICIAL USE ONLY		
Name of	Enumerator: Mobile Nun	nber:	

## Annex 3: Persons Involved in the 2023/24 Statistical Business Register Census

## **Principal Investigator**

Dr. Albina Chuwa & Salum Kassim Ali

## **Census Director**

Emilian Karugendo & Bakari Kitwana Makame

## **Census Manager**

Hamisa S. Faki & Magreth Maganda

#### **Desk Officer**

Magreth Jacob & Abobakar K. Juma

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